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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN POWER

JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT

Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes

WEDDING CARDS, POSTERS, VISITING CARDS, HANDBILLS, BUSINESS CARDS, PROGRAMMES, BALL CARDS, BILLHEADS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, DODGERS, BILLS OF FARE, STATEMENTS, WINE CARDS, PAMPHLETS, LAW CASES AND POINTS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC,

In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

The rate of mortality among the Indians increases about ten per cent. each year.

The total average percentage of labor cost in the manufactured articles in this country is about 21 per cent.

The Grand Vizier at Constantinople has issued a decree forbidding the publication of morning papers and allowing only evening papers to be issued.

The Globe, of Toronto, declares that city to be the only possible capital of the great American nation when the annexation of the United States takes place.

A strike at Bevier brought out the fact that Missouri, a well populated State, has but one militia regiment. Missourians seem to be singularly deficient in love of military show.

Every newspaper, no matter where it is printed, is opened at the frontier offices in Russia and carefully looked over before being sent to its address, and objectionable matter is stamped out.

At last the telephone is become a factor of even-handed justice. Up in Toronto, Canada, a citizen who had broken a by-law found that he could not possibly reach the court room in time, so telephoned the fact to the officials, admitted his guilt, was fined $1 and paid it, and all by wire.

The migratory habits of the criminal class are illustrated by the fact that of 69,171 prisoners in American penitentiaries, 4767 claim a legal residence in some other state or territory than that in which they are incarcerated. The state which furnished the largest number of convicts to the prisons of other states is New York.

The New York Telegram says: "One trust has fairly turned itself inside out in its attempt to swallow as much of earth as possible. The jute bagging trust put prices up to a nearly prohibitory price and the southern cotton planters have found a better material than jute for enveloping cotton bales. Next year they will probably refuse jute bagging at any price."

A radical innovation has visited the Chinese empire. The Marquis Tseng formerly minister to England, has just celebrated the marriage of his daughter, Lady Blossom, after asking her consent to her husband. This is a reversal of Chinese custom. The Marquis kept up other customs, as, for example, heading the procession carrying 120 tables of presents about the streets of Pekin.

It appears that the British army is not only the dearest in Europe, but the worst fed, so far as the rank and file are concerned. The bread ration is the lowest in Europe, being one pound per day. The allowance of meat is three-quarters of a pound, including bone, whereas continental soldiers are given a full pound of solid meat. The bread and meat are both apt to be of poor quality, while the fuel supplied is insufficient.

Will that universal language, Volapuk, go out with the death of its inventor? asks the New York Press. Will it prove only the latest "fad," or will it demonstrate the just deceased Schleyen a great inventor? It is said that Volapuk has really gained a firm footing in nearly every continental country; but it is doubtful whether it will, after all, undo that tremendous day's work at the town of Babel.

The "Decameron" of Boccaccio has come up in the English courts as to the fitness of its sale and publication. The publishers of the work set up as a defense the fact that the book had been recognized as a work of high literary merit for the last 500 years; that during that period it had never been out of print, and that the British Museum possessed 200 copies of it. The magistrate, asserting the truth of these claims, dismissed the case.

The most astonishing story is related in a Japanese paper of the mystery of the loss of the new war-vessel, the Unebi-Kan. The popular theory was that she went down with all on board during a great typhoon in the China sea. This journal, however, declares that a French sailor has reached Vladivastock who claims to be the sole survivor of the lost vessel. He declares the Unebi-Kan was captured by Black Flaggs and all on board save himself were put to the sword. The story has a very fishy flavor, as there is nothing to show how the sailor reached the Russian port or how the Chinese pirates were able to overcome a well-equipped modern man-of-war.

If kings have been abolished in France, various Frenchmen seem determined to have their "innings" by setting up as monarchs on their own account in far and former climes, says the London Telegraph. Everybody has heard of the "King of Araucania, Orelius I," who was a Parisian Rio de Tulipatan, and now another Gaul, M. de Mayrena, has just been crowned monarch of a tribe of Annamites on the borders of Siam. The new sovereign calls himself "Marie I., King of the Sedangs," and, according to all accounts, he has inaugurated a happy and prosperous reign, and promises to be as merry and as contented a potentate as "Old King Cole" himself.

A Song of Love.

The love of the Great for the Less
Is the Sun's free way;
The love of the Like for the Like
Is the Day's glad love of the Day.
But atom and mote can tell
Of a nobler love,
In glory and beauty beyond,
In blessedness far above.

'Tis the love of the Less for the Great,
The yearning desire
Of the Poor to attain the Complete,
Of the Low to embrace the Higher;
The longing and love of the year
For the Spring unborn,
The love of the Brook for the Sea,
The love of the Night for the Morn.
—[Robertson Trowbridge in Independent.

THE LOST SPECTACLES.

BY EMMA A. OPPER.

"I laid 'em right down here," said Mr. Bennett; "and now they're gone."

Myra looked up from the long supper-table she was clearing, with a surprising lack of agitation. She had not kept house for Mr. Bennett for the two years since his wife had died without learning that he was very probably the most absent-minded old gentleman in the world.

"Laid 'em right down here," Mr. Bennett repeated, fumbling about on the kitchen window-sill; "and now they ain't here. Funny!"

He spoke querulously; and after a long, hard day with the thrashers it was not much to be wondered at.

"Are you sure you left them there?" said Myra. She had put the same question on a hundred previous occasions; but she spoke patiently. She had had a hard day, too,—getting dinner and supper for eleven men was no light task, but Myra's sweetness was never ruffled. You could have guessed that with one look into her soft, calm, pretty blue eyes.

"Am I sure?" said Mr. Bennett, sharply, dropping into a chair and wiping his face with a red handkerchief. "Now, what's the use of saying that, Myry? Don't I always know where I lay my spectacles? I recollect putting 'em down there, jest after supper; and then I stepped out to settle up with Varick, and fussed 'round the barn a little, and now I come back and they're gone. I recollect it," said Mr. Bennett, as though his recollection was a thing not to be disputed. "And they're my best gold-bowed glasses; I don't wear 'em common. I don't know what I put them on today for. Jest to get 'em stole, I s'pose."

"Stole?" said Myra, in shocked remonstrance.

"Wal, I've got my suspicions," Mr. Bennett responded, crossing his legs with a jerk. "I've got 'em. What do you think, anyhow, o' folks that hire out to Varick to thrash for a dollar a day, a-wearing white shirts and collars, and having hands just as white as that plate? What do you think of it?" Mr. Bennett demanded, conclusively.

Myra's gentle face, bent over the butter-dish she was scraping, flushed warmly.

"Do you mean Mr. Goodwin?" she faltered.

"How'd you know him?" said Mr. Bennett, suspiciously.

"Oh, I—I've met him!" said Myra, timidly. "He's staying with the Blacks, next door to Aunt Mary's. He's Mr. Black's nephew; and he's in Aunt Mary's sometimes. I've met him there.'

"H'm! hev—hev you?' said Mr. Bennett, with a contemptuous grunt. "Wal, you better let him alone; that's my advice. If I ain't loosing my guess, he ain't fit for nobody to meet!"

Myra, red-cheeked, and brushing the table-cloth with fluttering hands, was silent.

"Does it look jest right," said Mr. Bennett, sternly, "for a young man—a slick and good-looking feller though he be—to be going around with Varick's thrashers, with them citified ways—"

"He's doing it on account of his health," said Myra, bravely interrupting. "He came away from the city for country air and exercise, and he's independent enough to take the exercise in a way that will bring him a little money. He isn't rich."

"How do you come to know so much?" said Mr. Bennett, acridly. "Told you, eh? Wal, it's my advice not to let him tell you any more. Won't no good come of it. I tell ye I've got my suspicions. It ain't jest right, don't care what you say; something wrong about it. For a feller like that to go round thrashing, in them clothes—"

"I suppose they're all the clothes he has with him," said Myra, patiently.

"In them clothes, and with that air o' his. You need't tell me!' Mr. Bennett ended, vaguely but immovably.

"Yes, his manners are better than Syd Young's, or Varick's," said Myra, looking ruefully at the stained cloth where Varick had eaten. "But is that anything against him, Mr. Bennett?"

"Wal, I know jest as well as I want to where them glasses hev gone to," said Mr. Bennett, with stubborn irateness.

"Do you seriously think that Mr. Goodwin has taken them?" said Myra, her pretty eyes remonstrantly wide.

"Pretty clear case, seems to me," said Mr. Bennett, doggedly. "There wouldn't another one o' them men 'a done it; I know 'em all. I wan't over pleased with him fust minute I see him."

Myra put the goblets into the dish-pan silently.

"I can gener'ly tell when a man ain't honest," Mr. Bennett proceeded, with growing confidence, "and that feller ain't. He see them glasses and he took 'em; he didn't s'pose he'd be suspicioned. He's calc'lating to sell 'em soon as he gits back to the city. Clear case, I consider. He'll git come up with, though. He won't git out o town with them glasses."

"He couldn't have taken them, Mr. Bennett, said Myra. "He didn't go near the window-sill."

"How do you know he didn't?" Mr. Bennett demanded, tartly. "Wal, yis, come to recollect—hanging round you after supper, wan't he?"

Myra's cheeks flamed, and her lips trembled; Mr. Bennett's tone was gruff.

"Yis!" Mr. Bennett got up and went rambling about the room, agitatedly. "And I don't s'pose you'll hear to reason no more'n most gals will. You're took with a good-looking face and smart ways, and you don't see the rascality behind 'em, nor you won't be made to. You're jest like the hull tarnal set of 'em!"

"Mr. Bennett!" cried Myra, her tears dropping into the dish-water.

"Wal, I hain't nothing to say about it. You'll hev to go your own way," said Mr. Bennett, sternly. "All I hev got to say is, he don't git out o' this town with them glasses. I'll hev the law—"

A tall, bowing form and a handsome, smiling face were at the door. Mr. Goodwin looked in pleasantly at Mr. Bennett and Myra.

"Oh!" Myra faltered, hurriedly drying her eyes and smiling back at him.

"I must apologize for bursting in in this way," said the young man; but his quiet, gentlemanly entrance could hardly be called a burst. "And my errand is hardly of enough importance. I could have waited—"

He looked at Myra, shyly. It was plain that his errand was the lesser attraction.

Mr. Bennett stood with folded arms and hostile eyes. Myra, tremulous with apprehension, placed a chair for the young man.

"I am sorry to bother you," said Mr. Goodwin, in a pleasant apology, "but I have lost my scarf-pin somewhere hereabouts. Of course there is every chance of its having fallen out while I was at work. Feeding bundles of wheat to a threshing machine is pretty well calculated to loosen scarf-pins," he said, laughing. "But possibly I may have dropped it here, either at the dinner or supper I enjoyed so hugely." He smiled at Myra. "I am so sorry to trouble you! Just a glance over the floor will discover it, if it is here."

"Certainly!" said Myra, and opened the west window-blinds for more light.

Mr. Bennett eyed the young man sternly.

"Seems to me its a pretty good joke you a-coming here after something you've missed!" he snapped.

Mr. Goodwin betrayed his astonishment at the remark only by his silence.

Myra gazed at Mr. Bennett in pleading misery.

"What I should call a good joke," Mr. Bennett repeated, with a chuckle. "S'pose you want to search the house?"

"My dear sir," the young man ejaculated in shocked amazement, "is it possible that you suspect me of suspecting you? Believe me, nothing could be further from my thoughts! How can I persuade you—"

"Like to look through my pockets, wouldn't you?" Mr. Bennett pursued, with grim irony. "Wal, I'll give you a chance if you'll let me look through yours fust."

"Mr. Bennett!" cried Myra, imploringly.

Mr. Goodwin was distressedly speechless.

"Guess we'd better do it. Guess I'd better go after the constable and hev it done square," said Mr. Bennett.

And he reached up to the clock-shelf and took down his second-best hat which lay there.

And then they all saw—the little gold scarf-pin, lying on the spot which the hat had covered. And Myra and Mr. Bennett saw, also, the shining, gold-bowed spectacles, shoved to the back of the shelf.

Mr. Bennett gasped. His honest old face turned from red to white, and his knees trembled so that he sank to a chair.

"Wal," he muttered tremulously, and was weakly silent.

Mr. Goodwin went across the room to him hastily.

"I hope you don't think, Mr. Bennett, that I attach any meaning to this circumstance—that it has roused any suspicion? Please don't. Indeed it has not. I am certain—of course—it can be explained."

Mr. Bennett looked at Myra confusedly.

"Fust," he said faintly, "I want to call your attention to them glasses, Myry; I recollect putting 'em up there. Yis, I put 'em there."

Myra stared at them, looked at Mr Bennett and at Mr. Goodwin, smiled and ended with a somewhat hysterical laugh.

Mr. Bennet looked up at his visitor.

"Wal, you won't believe what I say, young man," he said, gloomily, "and 'tain't to be expected."

"Believe you?" said Mr. Goodwin, earnestly. "Don't pain me by repeating that, sir! I am not so foolish as to be misled by a mere incident of this sort. I know your explanation will make it clear."

Mr. Bennett winced.

"Charity's a good thing," he confessed, humbly "and I can't never tell you how grateful I am to you, young man. Them was noble words in this here case. Wal, that pin of yours—I'm consider'ble absent-minded, Mr. Goodwin—I picked it off the floor jest after dinner; I recollect it now. And not knowing whose 'twas, nor where it belonged, I jest put it up there under that hat; thought 'twould be safe till I found out who it belonged to; and it went clean out o' my head, jest as things do."

"Don't say another word, sir," said the young man, eagerly, with sympathetic, admiring eyes on Myra—"don't, for my sake!'

But it was for Myra's sake.

"I'm an old fool, Myry," said Mr. Bennett, an hour and a half later, when Mr. Goodwin had gone down the path with light-hearted briskness, and Myra was finishing the dishes, her eyes shining and her cheeks flushed. "I'm an old fool, and I've been a trial to you, and you've stood it like a major, and so did he, and I shan't forget it. When you go to keeping house for him, stid o' me—"

"Mr. Bennett!" said Myra, shily.

"Oh, wal, that's coming; I can see it plain; and when it does come you shan't want for a setting-out as good as I'd give a girl o' my own. You deserve it, and so does he, said Mr. Bennett, devoutly.—[Saturday Night.

The Man-Stealing Turkomans.

The man-stealing raids of the Turkomans into Persia, says Thomas Stevens in the Youth's Companion, were called alamans, and the horses they used to ride on these alamans are famous throughout Asia for their marvellous speed and endurance. The Turkoman horse is a long-legged, raw-boned animal, that one would never imagine capable of such performances; but they have been known frequently to cover a hundred miles a day, for eight or ten consecutive days.

In the Shah of Persia's present stud are Turkoman horses that have travelled eight hundred miles, over the bad roads of that country, in eight days. Day after day, halting only for a few hours daily, to nibble the grass and obtain a drink of water, these wonderful steeds pursue their way across the sandy desert and rocky mountain, bearing up as though they were things of iron, instead of flesh and blood.

Mounted on these matchless horses, the Turkoman bands would swoop down, almost as swiftly and suddenly as eagles, upon some peaceful Persian village, gather up the most desirable young men and maidens, and carry them off to the slave markets of Turkestan, Bokhara and Khiva.

I found all the fields in the vicinity of the four towns known as the Four Stations of Terror dotted with little towers of refuge for the laborers working in the fields to flee to whenever the dreaded human hawks swooped down upon them unawares. The towers are circular buildings, about twenty feet high, and built strongly of adobe or sun-burnt brick.

They are often found scattered all about the fields but a few hundred yards apart, so that, at the first alarm of the Turkomans, the Persian ryot could scurry into the nearest tower, like a rabbit into its hole at the approach of a dog.

A Surgical Marvel.

A startling advance in surgical science has been made by Dr. Maximilian Klein, a German military surgeon. The particulars are given by the professional journal Memorabilien. A man accidentally cut off his left great toe in the middle of the first joint. The severed piece remained hanging to the foot, but the connecting skin was scarcely thicker than a thread. Dr. Klein sewed on the fragment, dressed it with iodoform, and had the satisfaction, in twenty-two days, of finding the wound healed and the toe perfectly sound and flexible. Encouraged by the unexpected result in this case, Dr. Klein was induced to apply the same treatment again. A recruit, in order to disable himself and so escape from military service, deliberately cut off his forefinger with an axe at the second joint. The finger end was lost, and could not be found until half-an-hour had elapsed. It was then cold and blue. Nevertheless, Dr. Klein sewed it to the stump and applied a bandage of iodoform gauze. As early as the second day it was evident that circulation had been partially re-established throughout the finger, and in six weeks the man had not only left hospital, but was doing the very rifle drill which he had hoped to shirk. The finger was, in fact, as serviceable as it had ever been. These stories read almost like extracts from the exploits of Baron Munchhausen. That they are chronicled in Memorabilien is, however, evidence of their truth. English surgeons will not be so unwilling to credit them as they would have been in the days before the discovery of the marvellous properties of iodoform.—[St. James' Gazette.

It Had the Strength.

Capt. Salthorse (to landlady): "Mrs. Hashetter, can you tell me where I can purchase a large quantity of this butter?"

Mrs. Hashetter (gushingly): "Now my dear captain! What can you want of a quantity of that excellent butter?"

Capt. S.: "I intended arming my marines with it in place of cutlasses, as my experience with it here convinces me it's a great thing to repel boarders."—[Judge.

DISMAL SWAMP.

A Strangely Constructed Canal That Penetrates Its Depths.

A Lake That Was Dug by a Flash of Lightning.

Half a century ago, says the Baltimore Sun, the Dismal Swamp Canal in Virginia was one of the most important artificial waterways in the United States. In these days of rapid railroad transportation, however, and owing to the competition of the Albemarle and Chesapeake canal, which parallels it, it has dropped somewhat out of sight, though it is still considerably patronized. it is one of the oldest canals in the country, and its management is probably the oldest imcorported company of its kind. George Washington was prominently connected with it, and he found it a very available means of obtaining supplies when he was contending with Cornwallis at Yorktown. There was no Eastern Virginian of prominence and wealth until the beginning of the century to the beginning of the late war who was not in some way or other identified with it.

Mr. Marshall Parks, the Supervising Inspector-General of Steamboats, whose early days were passed in canal construction in Virginia, tells an interesting and remarkable coincidental story of the building of the canal. Nearly two centuries ago the large land owners of Virginia began to penetrate the dark and gloomy wilds of the Dismal Swamp in search of juniper and cypress shingles. The greatest difficulty with which they had to contend, however, was the soggy condition of the soil, in which the wheels of their carts sank to the hubs. The further they penetrated the swamps this difficulty became greater, and at last they resorted to the expedient of digging a narrow and ill-shapen ditch just deep enough to float a small flat boat. Down this canal the timber was floated to Deep Creek, a tributary of the Elizabeth River and thence to the market at Norfolk. Year by year the timber was cut away along the banks of the ditch and each year, as the demand for juniper and cypress shingles became greater, it was extended further into the almost impenetrable wilds of the forest.

The work was done altogether by slaves, with shovels and pickaxes. The use of steam shovels was then unknown and unthought of. The towering cypress trees were also felled and split into shingles by slaves, who were given tasks each day by their overseers, and for all shingles they made over the required amount they were paid extra. One Sunday afternoon they were visited by their overseer, who was much surprised to hear several voices singing away off in the swamp. Their voices sounded like faint echoes. He asked the slaves who lived constantly in the swamp if they knew the men who were singing, and was told that they were North Carolina slaves. An investigation of their unexpected and rather intruding presence was made, and the fact was discovered that the North Carolina landowners, like those of Virginia, about twenty miles away, had experienced the same difficulties of hauling lumber in the soggy and treacherous swamp, and had sent their slaves into the wilds to dig a ditch to aid them in their transportation of shingles and lumber.

For years these two forces worked independently of each other, and each, strange to say, was digging unawares towards the other. The two sections of the canal were joined, and the point of connection is marked by an angle.

The government and the state of Virginia finally became interested in the work, and the waters of Lake Drummond were brought into requisition for feeding the canal. This lake is situated in the centre of the swamp, and the depression in which the placid water sparkles was made by a fire centuries, perhaps thousands of years, ago. The whole swamp, in fact, represents in a modern age the coal-forming epochs of millions of years back in the geological history of the globe, and during an exceedingly dry season—so dry, indeed, that the boggy soil was parched and transformed into an inflammable clay, a flash of lightning became the origin of a big fire. Towering trees were felled, the scrubby underbrush was laid low, and then the flames ate their way, foot after foot, into the inflammable soil, and a hollow circle was formed in the ground. When the rains came this depression became a basin for the innumerable streams which trickled through the forest, and was soon transformed into a lake.

The almost trackless swamp through which the canal penetrates is still valuable on account of its cypress and juniper, the latter article becoming year by year more and more scarce and exceedingly valuable. At one time a single share of stock of the Dismal Swamp Land Company was worth as much as $32 000. The tract originally taken up and surveyed embraces 60,000 square acres. About half as many additional square acres are now embraced in the forest. Bears wander unmolested in its trackless depths, and the deadly rattler basks himself in the sun without fear of man. Birds of brilliant plumage fly from limb to limb of the huge and high cypress trees, and sing their carols from dawn to dark unseen, visible today in the course of the canal.

A bird fancier—The cat.

Facts About Tobacco.

It is asserted that tobacco was in use in China from the earliest times, but we have no certain knowledge that this was the case. If it was so, the knowledge of the plant and its uses must have been carefully guarded by the Chinese, for it was not introduced into any other Oriental nation until after its discovery in America. When Columbus first landed on the island of San Domingo, in the West Indies, he found tobacco in use among the natives there, who smoked it when made into small cylindrical rolls and wrapped in maize leaf. The Indians on the continent smoked it in a pipe, and among all the tribes, from Peru to Upper Canand, the first discoverers found the plant to be in use, and to have been known to them from so early a period that the time of its first discovery was unknown. The smoking of tobacco with the Indians partook largely of the nature of a religious rite. The seeds of the tobacco plant were first brought to Europe by Gonzalo Hernandez de Oviedo, who introduced it into Spain, where it was first cultivated as an ornamental plant, till a traveler who has noted its use among the American Indians, called attention to its narcotic properties. The name is said to have been taken from Tabacco, a province of Yucatan, though others derive it from Tobago, an island in the Carribean Sea, and yet others from Tobasco, in the Gulf of Florida. The practice of smoking the dried leaf of the plant became general in Spain, and its manufacture into snuff followed soon after. It was introduced into Italy in 1560, and about the same time into France. The first to bring the seeds of the plant into the latter country was Jean Nicot, the French Ambassador to Portugal, in whose honor tobacco received its botanical name nicotiana, whence the name nicotine, applied to a poisonous extract from the plant. Tobacco is said to have been first introduced into England by Sir Walter Raleigh. From these beginnings the use of the weed spread over the entire eastern continent. It did not become known in Asia until the 17th century, but was taken up by the Oriental nations with great eagerness, and they are now the greatest smokers in the world.

How Coiners are Punished in China.

From a recent trial reported in the Pekin Gazette it appears that in China coiners are punished with even more than the severity of our old savage penal code. Two coppersmiths out of employment in Hankow privately formed a little company to make copper cash, and began their operations for some reason by melting down about eight pounds of imperial copper coins. The band had made but little progress in their secret trade, having only manufactured altogether some 10,000 coins, equivalent to little more than £3, when they were captured, tried and condemned. According to the report the ringleader was sentenced to immediate decapitation for melting down coin of the realm; the next, who had assisted in the work of coining, was sentenced to decapitation after imprisonment; while two others, who had polished the spurious coins, and the last who acted as bookkeeper, were treated not as principals, but as accessories, liable to transportation to Turkestan and employment as slaves to the troops there—a fate believed to be worse than immediate decapitation. Some other men, who seem to have had nothing to do with the coining itself, but acted as domestic servants to the principals, received sentences of three years' banishment and a hundred blows each.

Glass Cloth.

Mr. Dubus Bonnet of Lille, France, has invented a process of spinning and weaving glass into cloth. The warp is composed of silk, forming the body and groundwork, on which the pattern in glass appears, as effected by the weft. The requisite flexibility of glass thread for manufacturing purposes is to be ascribed to its extreme fineness, as not less than from 50 to 60 of the original strands are required to form one thread of the weft. The process is slow, for no more than a yard of cloth can be produced in twelve hours. The work, however, is extremely beautiful and comparatively cheap. A French paper, commenting on the discovery, says: "When we figure to ourselves an apartment decorated with cloth of glass and resplendent with light, we must be convinced that it will equal in brilliancy all that the imagination can conceive and realize; in a word, the wonders of the enchanted palaces mentioned in the Arabian tales."

Rear View of a Rainbow.

Rainbows are seen in the east when the sun has passed the meridian, and in the west in the morning; but we have never heard of a rainbow or any segment of one being seen in the west or to the westward in the evening, says the Wyoming Enterprise. Last evening, however, at 5.50 o'clock a considerable segment of a rainbow was visible for nearly three minutes in the southwest. The only color of the spectrum that showed at all was red, and it was very bright. The cloud that produced the rainbow was suspended over Mount Davidson. Persons in Washoe valley doubtless saw the rainbow in the full glory of its natural hues, but a rear view of it gave only the red belt. Such a phenomenon may have been observed before, but, if so, we have never either heard nor read of it.

Traits of Native Australians.

"Our blacks," said Mrs. J. R. Reid, a native of New South Wales, to a Chicago Herald man, "are different in type from the African. Their hair stands up wiry and bushy like that of the Circassian women in your dime museums. The blacks find an abundance of food, and there is no incentive for them to accept civilization and learn to work. The country swarms with kangaroos, wallarbies (an animal similar to the kangaroo), rabbits and birds. Then the blacks make a large part of their diet of snakes and worms. Worms they eat raw just as they dig them from the earth. They eat snakes of all kinds The women, of course, are brutally abused by the males and kept in the most degraded state of servitude. When a black wants a wife he falls upon some young woman, chokes her so she cannot cry out, and runs with her into the bush. There he must keep her for three or four months. He cannot return to his own tribe until the expiration of this period. When he does take her back, if she utters no complaint of hunger against him—that is, if she does not show that he has utterly failed to supply her with sufficient worms, kangaroo meat and snakes—he can keep her. But for a year he must stay out of the way of her tribe, for if they catch him they will kill him and take the young woman back. The sign of the married state adopted by the woman is the pulling out of one front tooth. When the male becomes a Benedict he indicates the joyful fact by cutting off the little finger of his right hand at the first joint. They live in low, skin-covered huts, and I think are in every respect beneath the North American Indian in intelligence.

Bejeweled Brass Furniture.

It is rather odd news that the Decorator and Furnisher brings, that we in this country are succeeding so well in the manufacture of artistic brass work that we are exporting the highest and most expensive grades to Europe. There is something for Oscar Wilde to reflect upon, considering how recently he came as an æsthetic missionary among us. Perhaps he would view this state of things as a result of his efforts. If it is so it proves what peculiarly apt pupils we are. The thing in which we are particularly distinguishing ourselves are tables, jeweled brass tables. Mr. Ruskin has long been preaching the use of jasper onyx, mother-of-pearl, lapsus lazuli, etc., in furniture, and a table just sent from this country to England was of oval shape, made of a block of onyx set into a shallow cylindrical form of framing, with a brass border including a pierced band showing a lining of red marble beneath. There is no end to the luxury that can be indulged in after this fashion. One of the richest specimens of such furniture in Europe is a table belonging to the Earl of Warwick and to be seen in the state apartments of Warwick Castle. The earl a few years ago was offered $50,000 for it, and though he was pretty hard up at the time he refused it. Its value, however, is in a measure antiquarian, as it is a perfect specimen of the work of the middle age Venetian artificers.—[Graphic.

Two Non-Progressive Berries.

The huckleberry and blueberry are the only ones of the popular berries, says a contemporary, that have not been improved by cultivation. Middle-aged men can recall the time when the strawberry and blackberry were rather poor, common-place fruit, but they have been cultivated, grown from seed, and the result is the toothsome berries which now adorn our tables. But the huckleberry we eat now is the same which tickled the palates of our great grandfathers. Word has gone forth to improve this berry, to grow it in gardens from seed, and select the variety which gives the best result. It is not generally known, but nearly all our edible plants and fruits were originally weeds, or of so inferior kind as to be scarcely fit for human use. But for countless generations man has been improving his environment, but more especially the grains and fruits upon which he now lives. The human palate itself must have been greatly improved in sensibility, owing to the difference between what fruits and vegetables were and what they are. There are those who think that this process is to go on, and that other weeds will be turned into useful plants, and that by scientific methods the quantity of food will be at length so great that no human being will ever die of starvation.—[Scientific American.

Cactus Fodder.

The much-despised cactus of our deserts is, according to the New York Independent, being found a blessing in disguise. In the old world they use the very prickly gorse as cattle food, by putting it in a crusher so as to render the thorns harmless. By drawing the American cactuses over flame, the thorns are easily destroyed. Some peel them. They are found nutritious and very acceptable to stock when divested of this natural armor. Crushing as the gorse is crushed in Europe has not yet been introduced, but this is proposed, and when successful cactus fodder will be as popular on the desert as hay further east.

One of the most desirable plots of land at Bar Harbor, Me., is owned by an Irish woman, who lives on it in a small hut. She has had offers of $150,000 for the land, but refuses to sell.

Wings.

Well may he sing—the careless bird—
Whose carol o'er the field I heard.
The day is chill and dark to see,
The fitful rain falls drearily,
The bough beneath him rocks and swings,
Yet still he bravely, blithely sings:
For he has wings.

O saddened heart! thou too canst be,
Tho' joy is dying, sorrow-free.
What need to wreck the gathering night!
Trust thou to fancy's pinion light,
And when the sullen storms are nigh,
Love can find out a sunnier sky;
For wings have I.
—[Geo. M. Whicher, in Independent.

HUMOROUS.

A droll dog—A wag with a funny tale.

The elements are angry when the waters pout.

Guest—Waiter, the sugar. Waiter—Sugar, the waiter.

An attitude is about the only thing a dude dares strike.

A cup that cheers but does not inebriate—the ladle dipper.

Why does an old mail wear mittens? To keep off the chaps.

The dude is a great stickler for the correct thing in canes.

Why is a door in the potential mood? It's wood, or should be.

What is thieving in the outskirts? Picking ladies' pockets.

Some men are never satisfied with their lot unless it's a corner lot.

Soldiers like to eat the fruit of the vine cold. They object to taking grapeshot.

What are the great astronomers? The stars, because they have studded the heavens for ages.

"I'm a member of the Fire Department," replied the hotel bouncer, when asked his occupation.

Candidates for nomination who are on the wrong side of the fence are hereby informed that they can get in through the dele-gates.

A man is rarely found who kicks when his name is misspelled in the police court record of a newspaper. This is a notable exception to the rule.

No acids do in kisses lie;
Who would for honey kisses barter!
Yet when one comes to say "good by,"
Then kisses are the cream of "ta, ta."

"You have heard a cat purr, I suppose?" asked the judge. "Yes," replied the major. "But, outside of poetry, you never heard a Cowper."

A man living in a western town says his was the only house intact after a recent cyclone, and attributes his good luck to the fact that it had a heavy mortgage on it.

"You are Mr. Quezzen, the husband of the celebrated lecturess on cookery, are you not?" "Yes, sir," replied the dejected, hollow-eyed man. "I'm the man she tries her new dishes on."

Commercial Traveler (who has just been refused by a Boston girl)—Well, good-by. I'm going to Egypt. Boston girl (colder)—Indeed! Why? C. T.—Because I think I can make more of an impression on a mummy's heart than on yours.

Empiric—"Then I can count on you for a testimonial to my liver regulator?" Richly—"I can speak of it, doctor, in the highest terms." Empiric—What evil did it cure you of, sir?' Richly—"Poverty, doctor, poverty! It laid my late lamented uncle out as stiff as a poker, and I was his heir."

Clerk (to landlord): Young Mr. Spriggins and old Tomboy have had a quarrel and both threaten to leave the house unless the other one does. Landlord: Which is the better customer? Clerk: About the same sir. Landlord: Tell old Tomboy he must go. He is likely to die any day and we may keep Spriggins for years.

Sentimental Hippophagy.

The well known steeplechaser Pandora has met her end and served her owner, Dr. Rush S. Huidekoper, as the material for a novel feast to his friends. She was twenty years old, and was still frisky in spite of lameness in her front feet. It was found necessary to kill her because she was suffering intensely with her feet and was too proud to show it.

The choicest parts of her flesh were prepared, disguised as a fillet of beef, by the chef of the Philadelphia Club, and the owner gave a dinner there to his friends. One course on the menu card read "Fillet a la Pandora." The guests supposed it was merely named in honor of the famous mare and praised the quality of the dish. They were amazed, after the dinner, to hear Dr. Huidekoper remark that he was glad of his guests' appreciation of his favorite horse, "for you have just eaten her," he said. A roar of laughter followed a short interval of silence; then the company rose to their feet and in solemn silence drank to the memory of the old mare.—[New York Telegram.

Perfect Combustion.

Firing is only done properly when the fuel is consumed in the best possible way—that is, when no more is burned than is necessary to produce the amount of steam required, and to keep the pressure uniform. To obtain this end, complete combustion must be obtained in the furnace, and this is going on when the fuel is burning with a bright flame evenly all over the grate. Blue flames, dark spots and smoke are evidences of incomplete combustion, due to lack of air.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates, see first pag

Communications relative to any of the interests of the Albemarle District solicited.

THE COMING STATES.

There are eight organized Territories, Arizona, Dakota, Idaho, Montana, New Mexico, Utah, Washington and Wyoming, at least four of which are eligible for admission as States. They are Dakota, Idaho, Montana and Washington. They have been kept out of the Union by the Democrats for partisan reasons. Dakota will make two States, either of which will rank in population, wealth and intelligence with some of the older States. Two years ago Dakota cast 99,064 votes for delegates to Congress, while Arkansas which has five votes in the House only cast 44,574 for her Congressmen and Georgia which has ten Members only cast 27,453 for them all!

Among the first things the Republicans will do is to do justice to these Territories—admit them into Statehood. With their admission there will be added to the Republican strength in Congress ten United States Senators and eight Members of the lower House, adding eighteen electoral votes to be cast for President in 1892.

THE STATE.

The Bourbons claim the State. Had there been a fair vote and an honest count the Republicans would have had both the Governor and the Legislature. There is no doubt this. Even the *State Chronicle* admits that "Fowle lost heavily in the West," but when it came further East the county Boards threw out Republican precincts in county after county sufficient to change the result. This was done in Jones, Richmond, Pearson, Pender and a number of other counties in districts beyond the Second, and in that district, in the counties of Warren, Bertie, Northampton and Halifax there was a wholesale thowing out, making a change of several thousand votes.

In every white county the Republicans—in the Ninth district the gain was over 3,000, So, too, were gains made in the white vote everywhere. The irregularities and frauds were perpetrated at precincts and in counties where the colored vote largely predominated.

POOR BOYS' POSSIBILITIES.

Benjamin Harrison and Levi P. Morton are both striking examples of the poor boys' possibilities in America. They both began life in poverty. Harrison has "hoed his own row and paid his own way." He has discharged his obligations, stood by his convictions and kept his word. He has travelled from obscurity to fame. So has Morton. Starting without a dollar, he has won his place, not by the winding paths of trick and fraud, but on the highways of honor. They were nominated and elected because the Republican party had confidence in their ability and integrity. Their lives are lessons for the worthy poor young men of our country.

EXTEND THE PRESIDENTIAL TERM:

The CAROLINIAN has several times advocated the extension of the Presidential term to a longer period than four years. Its reasons have been that every Presidential election has a harmful effect upon the business interests of the country. They not only disturb business, but they tend to depreciate values and cause trade to languish. This is the concurrent testimony of leading business men. They give it as their opinion that every quadrennial National election costs the country not less than $500,000,000. Let the term of the President be extended.

The Tribune very pertinently says that one of the causes for profound gratitute over the Republican victory is that the Supreme Court has been saved. Its standard of ability would inevitably have been lowered if Mr. Cleveland had been re-elected to say nothing of the dangerous change that would have been made in its political complexion. Mr. Cleveland has demonstrated that he does not understand the Supreme Court any more than he understands some other features of this Government.

The people of the Territories have very emphatically rebuked the treatment they have received at the hands of the Democracy. Both Montana and Washington to say nothing of the other Territories, have been carried by the Republicans by large majorities.

Mr. Bayard will, on his retirement from Cleveland's Cabinet, be obliged to retire from public life. The election of a Republican Legislature in Deleware will make it impossible for his return to the Senate.

There was a Bandana. Where is that bandana now?

The business outlook already better

"WORK AS YOU PRAY."

The heading of this article was the text of the discourse we once heard a good old Elder deliver and it made an impression we have never forgotten. He said that men and women ought to know that God only answers prayers when the suppliant works and acts so as to be in unison with what they ask. It does no good for a man to pray for the prosperity of his crops if he has not done his part. Man has to work with Providence if he would have the smiles of Heaven rest on him. There can be no more brazen blasphemy than for a lazy vagabond to spend his time in idleness, and then claim that "the world owes him a living and he is going to going to have it." It is useless folly for a farmer to ask God to help him "in basket and in store," to preserve his health, to make his field productive and his stock plentiful, if he does not first do all that is in his power for such a result.

When a farmer, by his own fault and neglect, has his soil in poor condition when he plants his seed, and the seed defective, his farm implements poor and rusty and very deficient, and his teams wrecks for want of care and food, it is impious for that man to get down on his knees before breakfast and in the presence of his family plead with the Almighty for his blessings to rest upon him, his family, his crops and his stock. Or the wife and mother, who has the more important mission on earth, when she goes to her closet and pours out her heart in deep yearnings, pleading with God for the health, happiness and moral purity of her husband and children her prayers are only blasphemy if she does not study, watch and work for what she prays. If she neglects the operations of her kitchen, and allows ignorance, inexperience and indifference to reign there, what would be the use of her praying for her own hearth, her husband's or her children's? If she allows her pure and lovely daughters to go indiscriminately into the society and mix freely with renegades and libertines, and aollw their hot lecherous breath to fan the bloom on the cheeks of innocence, God will not regard such prayers, nor exert his power to preserve the purity of such jewels. The mother must work as she prays.

Or if the father altows his sons, the pride and hope of his family, and without whose honor and purity his life is a disgraceful failure, to visit places of dissipation and mingle with those who "there do congregate," prayers will never save his boys in such company. It is not in such soil or such atmosphere that mortal plants grow to become ornaments of the world or honor to their parents. God expects and demands that all persons, everywhere, and at all times, work as they pray.

The Greensboro *North State* wishes to ask the Democratic editors of the State the following question:

If Mr. Morton, who is elected Vice President, doesn't come down and auction off everything we have, to pay the special tax bonds, will you admit that there was no truth in the villainous wood cut supplements sent out by you during the campaign?

The newspapers are at work making up a Cabinet for the President-elect. They may as well save themselves the trouble as this is a bit of architecture he will construct for himself.

The attention of John Bull is called to the fact that that the people of the United States are running their own politics this year, and that Protection is again on top.

Gen. Harrison carried his own precinct by the flattering vote of 345 to 84, while his majority in his own ward was so nearly unanimous as to be a Republican gain of 300.

The Prohibition vote in the State of New York only reached 27,500 against 36,000 in 1886, and 41,800 in 1887.

The rule is not unbroken. Grover Cleveland has never been re-elected to any office.

LITERARY NOTICES.

Frank Leslie's Sunday Magazine for December is on our table. This number closes the twenty-fourth semi-annual volume. It is filled, as usual, with the most entertaining matter in prose and poetry, fiction and fact. The story Genevieve is constantly increasing in interest. Among the more solid articles are Grenoble and the Journee des Tuiles with four illustrations; Harvard College, with fourteen illustrations, appealing to every Harvardian, whether postgraduate or under graduate; A Dash through the land o' Cakes, by Noel Ruthven, with five beautiful illustrations of Scottish scenery; A Glimpse at Chinest Boat Life, with five illustrations; and Adventures of a Young Explorer, with eleven illustrations. A Christmas anthem, entitled Unto Us a Child is Born, composed by Mr. C. Wenham Smith, organist of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, occupies three pages and is a brilliant piece of music. A sermon by Dr. Talmage, on The Vail of Modesty, appeals strongly to American women. The different editorial departments are strong and interesting, and the number contains the semi-annual index, affording full proof of the value of the volume here concluded.

Nerves and the Nervous,

Alas! for the worrying people who are worried! Their days are weary, and their nights are without restful sleep. They see disaster in every thing ahead of them and around them. Their lives are miserable, and often without hope. Tell those people to stop worrying and looking darkly on the future, and they answer that they "can't help it." What is the trouble?

The difficulty is with the nerves. A nerve is a wonderful little thing. The whole complex system of human nerves is the most wonderful thing on earth. When the nerve-centres are out of other all goes wrong. When Compound Oxygen has re-vitalized them all goes right. Wonderful thing, that Compound Oxygen! It has helped nervous sufferers out of their nervousness and set them joyful on their feet. It has driven away their worry by driving out their disease. It has made new creatures of them.

So simple and easy is this Compound Oxygea treatment that the most nervous, the most feeble, the most delicate, can take it without fear or injury and with a sure prospect of felicitous results. To know more about it, write to Drs. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch St. and read the little "Treatise" which they will mail you free.

Wings and Stings.

This is the airy, stinging title of another sprightly amusing book by Palmer Cox. It is one of the *Queer People* series, and similar to its companion "Paws and Claws," of which we told you recently. This is one of the funniest and brightest books for youngsters we have ever seen. The illustrations are splendid and will make the boys and girls roar with laughter. The Boston Budget, says: "as a holiday book nothing could be more appropriate, since nothing could confer greater pleasure upon the little one." The National Republican says: "Every page is a picture and all the text music, a fountain of fun, never ceasing. It will make young eyes blaze." It will certainly be wonderfully popular. It is published by Messrs. Hubbard Bros., of Philadelphia, Chicago and Kansas City, to whom persons desiring a copy or an agency should apply.

A Wowan's Discovery,

Another wonderful discovery has been made and that too by a lady in this county. Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest test, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She bought of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night and with one bottle has been miraculously cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther." Thus write W. C. Hamrick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Get a trial bottle at Wood & Wadsworth's drug store.

The See-Saw in Michigan.

From the Chicago Tribune.

Exit Dickinson; enter Alger. This is among the possibilities, and it would delight the Michiganders as much as it would mortify Don. Harrison is not maglignant, but it may strike his fancy to do just that one bit of poetic justice. But whether that happens or not, we shall at all events be rid forever of one of the worst representatives of the Satanic school of politicians whom we have seen for years. He went out after wool and came back more closely shorn than any of Cleveland's helpers.

The Mugwumps Influence.

Sterling (Ill.) Gazette.

The New York mugwumps are the worst beaten crowd of all. They supported Cleveland for President and opposed Hill for Governor. The fact that Hill carried the State by as big a majority as that by which Cleveland lost it would seem to indicate quite conclusively that the opposition of mugwumps is worth more to a candidate than their support.

HOW'S THIS!

We offer One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfect honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, Ohio.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

E. H. Van Hoesen, Cashier, Toledo National Bank, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Nipped With Other Green Stuff,

From the Chicago News.

Fears have been entertained all along that perhaps the Mugwumps were holding back their returns in order to overcome Harrison's majority in New York. Up to the present moment, however, the Mugwumps have not been heard from, and it is now believed that they were nipped by the early frosts.

Industrial Result of the Election.

Pittsburg, Nov. 12.—Gen. Harrison's election resulted at Newcastle Penn., to-day in the beginning of the construction of a large addition to the works of the Newcastle Wire Nail Company. The company will also build a steel rod mill. None of these improvements would have been made had Cleveland been re-elected.

The "Star Spangled Banner" still triumphantly waves!

Time's Ringing Changes.

Miss de Flirt (patronizingly) No Mr. Cadwalader, it can never be. You are altogether too young for me.

Cadwalader (six years later)—So you are still single?

Miss de Flirt (winsomely)—Yes, dear Mr. Cadwalader; and you have returned at last to see if I have changed my mind?

Cadwalader—Oh, no. You see you are altogether too old for me.

In Light Marching Order.

From the Binghamton Republican,

Mother (to young married daughter)—Why do you always keep those trunks packed so full of clothes, my dear?

Young wife—I am liable to be called upon to move at any moment, and it is well to be prepared.

Mother,—Explain yourself, please.

Wife—Dear Harry's salary is only $1,000 a year, and I am spending at least double that amount.

A Starter.

Mr. Bnmp has been calling for nearly two hours. They are talking music languidly. The young lady (suddenly brightening up)—"Oh, I like French opera; it has such a go to it! I like anything that has go? He goes.—Life.

From Richmond, Va.—I sell a great deal of Dr Bull's Cough Syrup and find that it gives better satisfaction than any other Congh Syrup.

I. WILSON MOSLEY, Druggist.

"Once upon a midnight dreary," when I tossed so sad and weary, upon my bed half mad with pain a friend brought me a bottle of Salvation Oil. It cured me. I needed this, and "nothing more."

FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The following is the vote, *as counted*, in this Senatorial District.

COUNTIES	Lister.	Parker.	Abbott.	Shaw.
Currituck	438	439	957	956
Camden	*326	588	617	612
Pasquotank	1218	1213	858	843
Perquimans	986	986	785	785
Hertford	1096	1035	1165	1162
Ghowan	769	770	760	761
Gates	798	801	1157	1164
	5631	5832	6299	6283

* 262 votes were cast for Joshua Lister.

THE FIRST DISTRICT.

The following are the reported votes of the District as received.

COUNTIES.	White	Skinner	Harrison	Cleveland
Beaufort	1826	2023	1833	2038
Currituck	451	962	461	1001
Camden	612	592	613	582
Chowan	804	734	803	738
Carteret	675	1123	1365	1541
Dare	310	343	337	321
Gates				
Herlford	1210	1124		
Hyde	785	880	771	843
Martin	1325	1633	1308	1663
Pamlico	640	737	641	720
Pasquotank	1228	825	1221	826
Perquimans	997	780	986	783
Pitt	2356	2568	2354	2569
Tyrrell	370	479	374	472
Washington	1067	768	1050	775

HELP IN TIME OF NEED.

When a man is drowning he will grasp at straws, but straws will not save him. Extend to him a life-boat and his rescue is certain.

Mr. James A. Greer, of Athens, Ga., (endorsed by the editor of the Athens Banner-Watchman) makes the following statement:

"I am first cousin of the late Ex-Governor Alexander H. Stephens, and have been postal clerk on different railroads since 1868. For ten years I have been a sufferer from a cancer on my face, which grew worse until the discharge of matter became profuse and very offensive. I became thoroughly disgusted with blood purifiers and pronounced them humbugs, as I had tried many without relief.

CANCER

Finally I was induced to use Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) The offensive discharge decreased at once and the hardness disappeared. It became less and less in size until nothing remains except a scar I gained flesh and strength, and all who have seen me bear testimony. I cannot say too much in its praise."

A. H. Morris, Pine Bluff, Ark., writes:

"Hot Springs failed entirely to cure me of several terrible, indolent running ulcers on my legs, with which I have been troubled for many years. Several doctors also attempted to cure me but failed. I

HOT SPRINGS

have only used a few bottles of B. B. B., (made in Atlanta, Ga.,) and the effect has been truly magical, as they have all healed and I am cured after everything failed. My general health is also improving, appetite and digestion good. I sleep soundly, and never felt better. Doctors told me that I could not be cured.

I refer to every merchant or professional man of Pine Bluff.

☞ Any one interested who desires to know more about the wonderful merit of B. B. B., will please send address to Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga., for their illustrated "Book of Wonders." (2)

ITS TIME

You began to think of your Fall Trading Friend, and when you think of that, you can think of

Moses Weisel's Stock,

which offers everything in the choice of Dry Goods. Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, etc., that can delight the eye or please the heart of the buyer,

MOSES WEISEL'S QUOTATIONS

Are the lowest that can be made on all kinds of goods, the lowest prices are promised to every buyer, and I will see that the promise holds good. If you are wise

YOU WON'T LOSE A MINUTE.

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Thorough instruction; good discipline; best moral influences. Students from many States. Graduates in 28 States. North Carolina well represented. 26th Session begins Sept. 14th. Illustrated catalogue free. Address JULIUS D. DREHER, Pres't., Salem, Va.

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DR BULL'S COUGH SYRUP CURES COUGHS & COLDS FOR 25 CTS.

SALVATION OIL Price only 25 cts. Sold by all druggists. Will relieve Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Sores, Burns, Wounds, Cuts, Scalds, Backache, Gout, or any bodily pain or ailment.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote!—Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of T. F. Davenport.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late T. F. Davenport, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same, to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

Nov. 16, 1888. C. C. EVES, Adm'r.

1889.

Harper's Weekly.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE is the most useful, entertaintng, and beautiful periodical in the world. Among the attractions for 1889 will be a new novel—an American story, entitled "Jupiter Lights"—by Constance F. Woolson; illustrations of Shakespeare's Comedies by E. A. Abbey; a series of articles on Russia, illustrated by T. De Thulstrup; papers on the Dominion of Canada and a characteristic serial by Charles Dudley Warner; three "Norwegian Studies," by Bjornstjerne Bjohnson, illustrated; "Commodus;" a historical play by the author of "Ben Hur," illustrated by J. R. Weguelin, etc. The Editorial Departments are conducted by George William Curtis, William Dean Howells, and Cha's Dudley Warner.

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1889.

Harper's Young People

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY.

HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE begins tenth volume of with the first number for November. During the year it will contain five serial stories, including "Derrymates," by Kirk Munroe; the Red Mustang," by W. O. Stoddard; and "A Day in Waxland," by R. K. Munkittrick; "Nels Thurlow's Trial," by J. T. Trowbridge; "The Three Wishes," by F. Anstey and Brander Mathews; a series of fairy tales written and illustrated by Howard Pyle; "Home Studies in Natural History," by Dr Felix L. Oswald. "Little Experiments," by Sophia B. Herrick; "Glimpses of Child-life from Dickens" by Margaret E. Sangster; articles on verious sports and pastimes, short stories by the best writers, and humorous papers and poems, with many hundreds of illustrations of excellent quality. Every line in the paper is subjected to the most rigid editorial scrutiny, id order that nelhingharm ful may enter its columns,

An epitomy of everythiug that is attractive and desirable in juvenile literature.—Boston Courier.

A weekly feast of good things to the boys and girls in every family which it visits.—Brooklyn Union.

It is wonderful in its wealth of picture information and interest.—Christian Advocate.

TERMS: Postage Prepaid, $2 00 a Year.

Vol. X begins November 6. 1888.

Specimen Copy sent on receipt of 2et stamp

Single Numbers, Five Cents each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, N. Y.

THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

THE LADIES' FAVORITE. NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

If you desire to purchase a sewing machine, ask our agent at your place for terms and prices. If you cannot find our agent, write direct to nearest address to you below named.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. ORANGE, MASS. CHICAGO, ILL. 28 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. DALLAS, TEX. ST. LOUIS, MO. ATLANTA, GA. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. BOOK SALE BY

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

LOWEST PRICES UNDER THE SUN

CAN'T BE BEAT

We still have the inside track and mean to keep there.

Our Prices Dazzle People.

They wonder how we do it, and think there must be something wrong with the thereby but they find it O. K. It's only a matter of

Close Buying —AND— Close Selling

We plank down the cash on a lot of goods and save interest, then we turn to our customers and give them the benefit. That's why so many people come to

ROBINSON & CO.,

Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Stoves & Tinware, Queensware, Paints, Oils, Ship-Chandlery, Lime, Etc., Etc.

Water Street,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

FISH GILL NETS.

For the coming season we, as usual, invite the attention of all Dealers and Fishermen to our own brands and makes of Threads, Nets and Nettings.

First, our S brand of Flax Gilling Thread is equal in every respect to our standard of former seasons. This make will have our name upon every package, and *is not genuine without it.*

In Cotton Gill Nettings and Twines, we would refer to our "Fishermen" and "Gold Medal" brands, which are exclusively our own and are never sold as twine, without our name upon each package, containg 5 pounds. For Shad Netting they are unexcelled, being light, strong and cheap. We guarantee the qualities of our brands.

Pound and Seine Nettings.

Made from our "Shepard Gold Medal" Twines. These Twines, as the larger Fishermen of the country already know, have no superior, if any equal, as they are manufactured by us directly from the raw cotton of a high quality.

All orders carefully and promptly executed and we beg to assure our old and new friends, always at as low prices and favorable terms, as from any other party in America,

American Net & Twine Co.,

Home Office 34 Commercial St., Boston, Mass. Branch Office, 172 Fulton Stre. N. Y.

-23.

HOTEL ALBERT,

NEW BERNE, N.C.

—0—

A pleasant Resort for Tourists, Sportsmen, Pleasure and Health seekers.

NEW ALBEMARLE HOUSE,

Elizabeth City, N C.

FRANK M. GRICE. Prop'r.

TERMS: $2. & $2.50 Per Day

The attention of the traveling public is invited to this large and elegant Hotel. It has been refited and made first class. It is centrally located, within a block of the telegraph and post offices, and convenient to the railroad and steamboat

The Proprietor will spare no effort to make the ALBEMARLE a genuine *Home* for his patrons. The rooms are large, well furnished and carefully kept, and the table is of the best.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON N. C.

—:—0—:—

This well-established HOTEL still offer first class accommodations of the traveling public,

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Transand Steamer

TERMS REASONABLE.

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THE DRUGGISTS

TAR. BOUQUET. OAT MEAL. TOOTH SOAP. PALM OIL. HONEY. CASTILE. CARBOLIC. PRINCESS. GLYCERINE. SULPHUR. WINDSOR.

TOILET SOAP

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Manufactured expressly for the drug trade from Olive Oil and other selected material. Always the same. Gives general satisfaction. For sale by all first-class druggists. Call for the Druggists' Toilet Soap and take no other. Manufactured by GRAHAM BROS. & CO., CHICAGO

ElizabethCity Academy.

The Elizabeth City Academy will open its next session on

Monday, September 24th. 1888,

FOUR TEACHERS, all graduates and specialists in their respective departments

Board and tuition for session of thirty eight weeks in Intermediate course about $100

Music and Art are specialities under a competent teacher,

Send for Catalogue. Address

S. L. SHEEP, d Principal.

Or, C. W. GRANDY, Ch'n BTrustee.

JACOB SALOMONSKY

—0—

The Grandest Display of

CLOTHING —AND— DRESS GOODS

Ever Brought to Elizabeth City

The Stock is complete in every way, comprising of CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, VELVETS, CASHMERES, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., all of which are guaranteed at the

Very Lowest Prices.

His ready made garments are equal to the best custom made, and perfect fits are made in all cases.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF GENTS FURNISINGGOODS,

STORE ON WATER STREET,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

J. W. WHARTON,

WHOLESALE

COMMISSION DEALER,

IN FRUIT, PRODUCE, FISH Oysters, Terrapin, Poultry, Eggs, Game, &c., In Season

No. 5 S. Delaware Avenue Market

FOOT OF DOCK STREET

PHILADELPHIA

Consignments solicited. Returns made promptly.

ICE AND COAL!

Rawlins, Whitehurst & Co.

continue to supply ICE both in large and small quantities.

We are now receiving our supply of COAL, and will fill all orders promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. None but the best handled, and LOWEST PRICES guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C. FRED DAVIS

4-tf. Agent

H. HILGARTNER SONS

STEAM

Marble & Granite Works

MONUMENTS, ETC,

Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marble Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.

526 & 528 West Baltimore

BALTIMORE, MD.

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J. H. ZIEGLER, Agt, Elizabeth City, N C

L. F. ZIEGLER, Agt, Edenton, N. C.

RICHLY REWARDED are those who read this and then act; they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made and now are making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make $5 and upward a day, who is willing to work. Either sex, old or young. Capital not needed. We start you. Everything new. No special ability required. You, reader, can do it as well as any one. Write to us at once for full particulars which we mail free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

HO! FOR THE CARS and the BOATS.

COPPER'S HACK

makes regular connection with all the trains and the Steamboats, promptly met on their arrival and departure. If notified neither passengers nor baggage will be left

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN'S

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

TRADE MARK REGISTERED. DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN COMPOUND OXYGEN NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and *all chronic and Nervous Disorders.*

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"The Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs Starkey & Palen, No. 1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., have been using for the last 17 years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen *magnetized*, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

—:—

Drs. Starkey & Palen have the liberty to refer to the following named well known persons who have tried their Treatment:

Hon. W. D. Kelley Member of Congress, Philadelphia; Rev. Victor A. Conrad, Editor Lutheran Observer, Phila.; Hon. Wm. Penn Nixon, Editor Inter-Ocean, Chicago, Ill; W. H. Werthington, Editor of New South, Birmingham, Ala.; Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, Melrose, Mass.; Judge R. S. Vochres, New York City Frank Siddall, Merchant, Phil.; Fidelia M. Lyon, Sandwich Islands; Alexander Richie, Invernes, Scotland; Emma Cooper Utilla, Spanish Honduras, M. V. Ashbrook, Red Bluff, Cal; James Moore, Sup't Police, Blandford, Dorsetshire, England; Jacob Ward, Bowral, New South Wales, and thousands of others in every part or the United States.

"Compound Oxygen—its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. It will be mailed free to any address on application.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN,

No. 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

FISHERIES--1889.

The undersigned will briefly say that they are prepared to supply responsible trade with

Seine and Trap Nettings

OF THE HIGHEST GRADE THEIR LONG EXPERIENCE ENABLES them to make, and we feel justified in saying that it is, in their opinion, as good as any made.

GLOUCESTER NET & TWINE CO.,

GLOUCESTER, MASS

Boston Office, 94 Commercial Street.

7- 4m.

THE BEST THING OUT FOR FRUIT AND VEGETABLE. CRATE

IT is used by grocerymen in displaying and delivering goods, by farmers to gather and store fruit and vegetables, and market gardeners to transport products to market.

AS A BERRY CRATE

It is made in two sizes to hold twenty-four and thirty-six quart baskets respectively, with hinged cover and racks to keep the baskets separated, and being open allows free circulation of air, so fruit is less liable to decay.

Made of best material, are light, durable, and superior to baskets, or any other crate made.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR AND PRICE LIST.

L. P. ROGERS, WARREN, PA.

UNDERWOOD SPRING WATER.

THE PUREST NATURAL WATER.

Prescribed by the most eminent Physicians of Europe and America as a remedy for Kidney Disease, Rheumatism, Gout and Dyspepsia, and as a

PREVENTIVE OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

For sale by all first-class Grocers and Druggists.

Still water in Barrels and Demijohns, water charged with Natural Carbonic Gas in bottles, put up only at the Springs.

THE UNDERWOOD CO., Falmouth Foreside, Maine.

NORFOLK

STEAM DYE WORKS.

113 MAIN ST., NORFOLK, VA

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Gents' clothing cleansed, dyed and repaired. Ladies' dresses, shawls, etc., cleaned or dyed equal to new. Our dye is warranted not to smut or rub off. Branch office, 235 High street, Portsmouth, Va.

J. M. MARSHALL & CO., PROPRIETOR

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DR. HUMPHREYS' BOOK Cloth & Gold Binding 144 Pages, with Steel Engravings, MAILED FREE. Address P. O. Box 1810, N. Y.

In use 30 years.—Special Prescriptions of an eminent Physician. Simple, Safe and Sure.

Nos.	CURES.	PRICE.
1-2	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	.25
3	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
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7	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting	.25
8	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.25
9	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
10	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
11	Dyspepsia, Liver Stomach	.25
12	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
13	Whites, too Profuse Periods	.25
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16	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.50
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HOMEOPATHIC

20	Catarrh, acute or chronic; Influenza,	.50
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24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
25	Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions	.50
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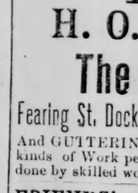
SPECIFICS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post paid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO. 109 Fulton St. N. Y.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC VETERINARY SPECIFICS



For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, Poultry.

300 PAGE BOOK on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

Humphreys' Med. Co., 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

SHAD FISHERIES—1889

—0—

We are prepared to contract for a strong GILL NET, made from the STOW Cotton Twine. We believe it in all respects to be equal to the best made finer than usual but no less strong than the larger, and with the assurance of catching more fish made to us by those who have used it, we regard it a satisfactory article giving to the poor fisherman the largest nett proffits for his toil.

GLOUCESTER NET & TWINE CO, Boston.

Home-Made Tin-Ware,

—BY—

H. O. HILL,

The Tinner,

Fearing St. Dock, Elizabeth City, N. C.

And GUTTERING, ROOFING, and all kinds of Work pertaining to the business done by skilled workmen.

FRIENDS' ELEMENTARY And High School.

A Kindergarten, a Primary School an Academy and Collegiate Institut for both Sexes.

McCulloh and Preston Sts. BALTIMORE.

16 PROFESSIONAL TEACHERS Employed Specialist in each Department.

24TH YEAR BEGAN NINTH MONTH (SEPTEMBER) 6, 1887

For Circulars address ELI M. LAMB Principal, or F. EMERSON LAMB, Assistant Principal.

"A BOOK FOR THE PEOPLE."

CAPTIVATING! USEFUL! Eloquent Discussions, and Diplomatic Papers on the Great Public Questions of the Past and Present, by

JAMES G. BLAINE.

Embracing his masterly arguments on the vital issues in the *Anti-Slavery Struggle*, the *All Important Labor Question, Prohibition, Irish Home-Rule*, etc., etc. ☞ A FORTUNE FOR BOOK CANVASSERS! APPLICATIONS FOR TERRITORY COMING IN WITH A RUSH! THE HENRY BILL PUBLISHING CO., NORWICH, Ct.

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents

ONLY LOOKING!

—0—

"Well madam, I see you have come back again. Now please tell me if you have looked in all the other stores, as you said you were going to do before you purchased your goods?"

"Yes sir, and I have just been looking around for nothing, as no one else in the city has half the stock of nice

DRESS GOODS

you have, and what the most of them have are nothing to compare with these I see in here. Now Mr. Hill. Weisel, how is it you always continue to have a much nicer selection of these goods than any one else? And the colors are so new and stylish. Now out with the truth, don't a lady friend select most of your goods?"

"Not much. You see madam, I have been in the Dress Goods all my life, and have made these goods a particular study, and when some new goods come out I am the first one in the city to handle them. Our business has grown so much that during the past two years that I am now just about completing an additional store in connection with this one.

"By the way, you said you wanted some Satins. Now what kind? We have them at 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, and 25c. You see we have them to please all customers, according to quality; also how many yards of this piece of Henrietta cloth do you wish at 25c? And I suppose you want plush or braid to trim with. I can show you both kinds and let you make your own selection, as we have a very large stock of these goods and can give them to you in all colors. This piece of Peacock Blue will trim with that piece of goods very nicely, and besides will make a very pleasant looking contrast; and besides is one of the prevailing shades this season. These goods are all new and we are selling a stack of them.

I have some beautiful double-fold Flannels that we will sell at 20c, that are worth much more money, but as I am always after securing good bargains for my customers I have struck one this time and intend to let these goods go at this small unheard of price.

We have some Trecots that we are selling very cheap, and all I wish is for one to call and look while we still have a full line of colars to select from.

CLOTHING!

How many different styles and colors we have I can hardly tell, but one thing is sure, our stock is fuller this season than ever before and our prices are much lower on most all of our goods, as we intend to be "leader in low prices" on all goods, We can fit all sizes from a small child of 4 years to a full grown man wearing a 44 size We have some nice Prince Albert suits, and piles of Cuttaway Sacks without end; can price them as low as the lowest, and besides give every one full value for their money; and in Overcoats ii will do you good to call and see our stock. We can suit any one in styles and prices. Have them in all shades.

We mean business, and all we ask is a fair trial and we know you will be sure and buy of us.

Remember I am at my Store, and you are welcome to come and see me.

H. WEISEL,

Leader of Low Prices,

At the Foot f Water St

NEAR THE DOCK.

The North Carolinian

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBRE 51, 1888

ELIZABETH CITY CHURCHES.

EPISCOPAL. Rev. H A. Skinner, Rector. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 2:30 P. M. All cordially invited

METHODIST. Rev. J. T. Whitley, Pastor Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

BAPTIST. Rev. J. L. White, Pastor. Service on Sundays at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Seats free. Invitation extended to all.

A. M. E. ZION. Rev. S. F. Dickson, Pastor. Service every Sunday at 2:30 P. M., and 7. P. M

☞ Be of good cheer.

☞ The country now is safe.

☞ A new era of prosperity will begin.

☞ Let one all go earnestly to work

☞ Thanksgiving on the 29th. Well we *feel* like it this time.

☞ We call attention to our clubbing rates with the Century Magazine. See announcement at top of last column on this page.

☞ The faces of certain young men belonging in the country and in town become very familiar objects on the street corners. The loafing habit is very pernicious. It broods idleness, dwarfs character, kills ambition, destroys credit and usually consigns its victim to a life of poverty and misery.

☞ Said a gentleman to us the other day: "I have hitherto been a Democrat. I had only been reading one side. Early in the campaign I began to read the CAROLINIAN and some other Republican papers. They set me to thinking and investigating, and the result was that I became satisfied that I had been in error. This time I voted the Republican ticket."

☞ Our townsman, Mr. Louis Selig, the Water Street Jeweler, was married on Wednesday last, at Norfolk, to Miss Sadie, daughter of Joseph Solomonsky esq. It was a brilliant affair, and the wedding presents were numerous. The bride is a general favorite wherever known, and the groom is a worthy young man. To them both the CAROLINIAN extends sincere congratulations.

☞ The editor of the CAROLINIAN never degrades himself and his position by personally attacking any man because he is a Democrat. He never has—he never will. Many of his warmest friends do not agree with him in politics, but this difference does not at all disturb their social and business relations. Men cannot all think alike, and honest opinions are respected by gentlemen everywhere.

☞ The CAROLINIAN earnestly hopes, now that the election is over and the smoke of the contest is clearing away, that every citizen will take redoubled interest in business and make the coming four years prosperous ones for Elizabeth City. If every one will take as much interest in business now, and from this on, as they did for the past three months in politics, it will be better for us all, and all will feel it. Now for business, for local improvements, for material progress. Every shoulder to the wheel!

☞ The long evenings are now upon us, and they will grow longer and longer until about Christmas time. It is a period when people generally have more time to read than any other part of the year. They should therefore make a wise choice of their papers. While this is true, and while they may patronize some metropolitan journal, they should never neglect to support their local paper. In many respects it is the only newspaper that is really needed to give all the interesting news at home and abroad. Then take the CAROLINIAN—all who do not—and each week you will be posted with the news in the town, the district, the State, the Union, and the World—all so arranged that its readers may obtain correct information relative to the important events transpiring. And then, too, it treats upon all the current topics of the day, as well as paying special attention to such literary and other reading matter as every family enjoys. And all for only $1.50 a year.

☞ The CAROLINIAN has always thought that it was an accepted truth among thinking men that an honest man's political faith, like his religious, was the result of investigation, evidence and conviction; but, judging from the following editorial in the Edenton *Fisherman and Farmer*, there are those who treat it simply as a matter of personal interest, convenience and expediency.

Mr. White was the most popular man of his party and commanded great respect, on account of his personal character, among Democrats of every county in the district. He is too good a man to be a Republican and we hope his defeat will serve to open his eyes to the truth as held by our party and make him, what he ought to be, a zealous Democrat in the future.

Elihu A. White is not that sort of a man. He is a Republican because he honestly believes the principles of the party are right and its policy best calculated to promote the best interests of the whole country. He has the courage of his convictions, scorns to

"——bend the hinges of the knee
Where thrift may follow fawning,

and "is too good a man" to do otherwise than advocate what he sincerely believes to be the truth.

☞ Corn was 54 cents at Norfolk yesterday.

☞ See advertisement of Harper's Magazine and Young People.

—The cold days are comin, but it will be a cold day when Moses Weisel can't undersell all competitors.

☞ Now is always the very best time if you will only make it so.

—Make a break for Moses Weisel's if you want bargains in Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, etc.

☞ Whistling doesn't make the locotive go, it is the silent steam.

—Ask for Fowler & Co's $1.75 Blankets; and examin their Wraps and Newmarkets.

☞ A good book for the Democrats to read: "How to be Happy Though Defeated."

☞ Protection summararily shows Free Trade the door and takes possession of the White House to remain there as long as the Republican party shall give the people satisfaction.

—You won't do yourself justice if you don't look over Moses Weisel's stock before buying.

☞ This has been a bad year for oratory, but a good one for thinking. The orators wound up hoarse, but the the thinking voters came through as clear as a bell.

☞ A recent writer, in speaking of colors, says: "Red is not a true color at all, but partakes of *blue* and yellow." This is confirmed by the appearance of a number of the red bandana Knights of Elizabeth City since the election.

☞ A friend reminds the CAROLINIAN of a remark made by Gen. Grant in 1876, which is interesting just now:

"Whenever the Democratic party comes near to complete control of the country, it will break its back across the Alleghany Mountains on the Tariff question."

—"I'd give anything," said Miss A., "if I had as small a foot as Miss G." "Well," said her friend, "you can have it for nothing. Miss G's foot is large as yours, but she wears the shapely shoes of Moses Weisel's, giving her foot the appearance of being smaller than it is. A clumsy shoe disfigures any foot. Try Moses Weisel next time and see what a change he can make in the appearance of your feet."

☞ "Young Reader" wants information about the origin of wind-mills. They are of great antiquity. Some writers state that they are of Roman invention; but it is almost certain that we are indebted to the Saracens for the wind-mill. They are said to have been originally introduced into Europe by the Knights of St. John, who took the hint from what they had seen in the crusades. They were first knuwn in France, Spain, and Germany, in 1229. Wind saw-mills were invented by a Dutchman in 1638, who erected one in London in that year.

☞ In the returns of the Senatorial District 262 votes from Camden were reported for "Joshua Lister." The party who received the correct ticket from this office is asked how these bogus ones became substituted for them at his precinct? And the man intended to be benefited by this fraud is requested to state what *he* knows about the matter In Hertford county enough tickets were put in wrong boxes, and *thrown out*, to change the result for Representative, as well as Senators. The normal Republican majority of the District, as every intelligent man knows, is not less than 250. We repeat, retribution will come.

When chill November's biting winds
Your whiskers whistle through,
Call in and see our Winter stock,
And spend a dollar or two.

We invite you in good faith, and know that we can give you entire satisfaction. ROBINSON & Co.

☞ In reply to several inquiries, the CAROLINIAN will state that in 1872, while the six States of Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, Tennessee, Georgia and Texas voted for Horace Greeley, he, having died on the 29th of November, did not receive a single electoral vote. The vote was: 286 for Ulysses S, Grant, 42 for Thomas A. Hendricks, 18 for B. Gratz Brown, 2 for Charles W. Jenkins and 1 for David Davis. Three electoral votes of Georgia, cast for Greeley, and the 6 votes of Arkansas and the 8 votes of Louisiana cast for Grant were rejected. If all had been included in the count, the electoral vote would have been 300 for Grant and 66 opposed.

☞ To the questions of "Student," the CAROLINIAN replies: To the chemist coffee and tea are much the same thing. Their two alkaloids—caffeine and theine—are, according to some chemists, indistinguishable the one from the other. Each also contains a volatile oil. The difference to our taste is doubtless due to subtle qualities which the chemist is unable to detect. While, however, coffee is said to check waste and to be a virtual food the same cannot be said of tea, the specific effect of which is to quicken respiration and the vital functions generally. Both these drinks are liable to abuse, but those who over indulge in coffee are few compared to those who drink tea to excess. In both cases the injurious effects are due as much to the volatile oil as to the alkaloids.

☞ We are pained to learn that N. B. Yeager esq., of Plymouth, is dangerously ill.

☞ Young lady! don't boast of your ignorance of household affairs. In the present state of society there is no surer stamp of weakness; and if it is true, it announces to every one that you are unfitted for life.

☞ Will some Democrat explain how and why it is that it always *happens*(?) that only Republican tickets get in the wrong boxes, and that in every case only Republican precincts are thrown out?

☞ When you hear evil of any one, suspend judgment. Do not decide until you have heard the man's defence Do not run out to meet every heated whelp of malice that runs with its head down and its tongue out. The probability is that it is mad and will only bite those who attempt to entertain it,

☞ Occasionally we see an item or notice that brings from the shelf of our "memories catch-all" reminescincesof the past. The following, from the Bloomsburg (Pa.) *Republican*—a paper we founded some thirty-two years ago—is one of them. The "subscriber" referred to was one of our valued friends.

"W. J. Knorr esq., of Berwick, who has been a subscriber to the *Republican* since its establishment by Dr. John, was in town on Monday and gave this office a pleasant visit."

LOCAL MENTION.

Now for a Postoffice Building at Elizabeth City.—Sheriff Cohoon and bride extended their trip to Topeka, Kansas, he to attend the Farmers' Congress, and she to visit a sister residing there.—The Democratic investment in barrels of resin and jollification paraphanalia, was "too previous." Like their white hats, they are now in "innocuous disuetude!"—Cards are out for the marriage of Miss Mildred Vaughan, of this City, to Mr. John C. Emmerson, of Portsmouth, Va., the ceremony to take place to-morrow, the 22nd inst.—Sheriff Bliven, of Dare, called yesterday. He was on his return from Plymouth where the Sheriffs of the Second Senatorial District met and made the official returns.—Crowder Allen's wild cat attracts attention.—The old Register's room, opposite the CAROLINIAN Office, is being fitted up for the engine and apparatus of the Fire Company. E. J. Barco is doing the work.—The large majority of our Democratic citizens accept the result with commendable grace. Only a few keep up a "bleating" over the "Lost Cause."—Miss Lina Battle of Raleigh, Miss Emma Nimmo of Portsmouth, and Miss Starke of Norfolk, are visiting their friends here.—Rev. Mr. Whitley is succeeded by Rev. E. P. Wilson as Pastor of the Methodist Church. He enjoys the reputation of being an able preacher. He will occupy the pulpit on Sunday morning. Rev. J. G. Lennon is returned to Pasquotank Circuit.—The Pasquotank Rifles will have a parade and drill and undergo inspection this afternoon. Inspector General Cameron is here.—There will be a grand illumination and torch light parade to-night in honor of the great National Republican victory. It is said there are [illegible] who have not forgotten [illegible] years ago!

The world may be searched from pole to pole and no remedy found equal to B. B. B. (BotanicBloodBalm) for the cure of blood poison. It is a remedy founded on scientific medical knowledge, and its reputation as a curative established by such true and unsolicited testimony as are found in our columns from time to time.

—Full line of Dress Goods and all the new Shades at Fowler & Co's

—Do not wait any longer but go and see that new kiln of Brick just burned by Thompson & Son. Every body says they can't be beaten because they are larger and harder than any sold before in this City.

—White and scarlet Underwear for Men, Ladies and Children at Fowler & Co's. Ladies to wait on you.

—Fowler & Co's Stores overrun with Shoes and Boots and they must be sold. Bought direct from Factory for cash, and will be sold out cheap. Orders promptly filled.

—Fowler & Co can give you as much for your money as it is possible for any other House to give.

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured I shall be glad to send two bottles of my medicine FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., New York

The W. L. Douglas advertised shoes are widely known every where as the best value for the money of any yet introduced. His celebrated $3.00 calf seamless shoe is perfectly smooth inside, no tacks, or wax thread to hurt the feet, and as easy as hand sewed shoes. Read his advertisement in this paper. H. Weisel sole Agent for Elizabeth City.

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The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay, quired. It is guaranteed to give perfect srefaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box FOR SALE BY WOOD & WADSWORTH.

SOCIETY NOTES.

BY MRS. H. MURPHY.

Rev. Mr. Whitley delivered his farewell sermon Sunday night 18th inst. After reading St. Pauls beautiful and touching farewell to his flock, he preached on the Duty of Unselfishness. The life of the selfish man he proved to be valueless in the sight of God, We should all feel that we belong to the ministry of Christ, and help one another. "not alone the members of your own church, but extending the bond of Christian kindness to those of other denominations, to whoever loves the Lord Jesus Christ." He then alluded to the disappointment experienced by his congregation, who earnestly desired his return. He expressed sorrow for their disappointment and his own love for the many kind friends he had met, and from whom he would experience regret in parting! At the same time all who listened might clearly understand that the servant of the Lord, not swayed by selfishness, stood before them. Whatever might be the will of the appointing power that was recognized by him as the duty he was bound to obey. It is no wonder that a great disappointment should be felt in parting from such an accomplished preacher and Christian gentleman, but those that grieve over the separation of the ties of friendship, have reason to rejoice that he has been called to a higher position, and one which, involving as it does the training of young men, he is eminently qualified to do good work in. He spoke in high terms of his successor as an eloquent preacher and worthy of the open hearts and hands of the congregation.

The W. C. T. U. of this city, expect soon to entertain Mrs. M. L. Wells, a lady lecturer. She comes to us with the recommendation of Miss Willard. Numerous press notices speak of her as witty and entertaining.

The problem which has puzzled philosophers from the days of Aristotle down—the eradication of disease and the promulgation of life, is being explained by the white doctor who manages the Indian warriors, pugilistics, Barnums speaking elephant, etc.

How very new this species of entertainment is to Elizabeth City people few strangers could imagine, and yet the wide awake progressive spirit of this people prevents them from getting much excited whatever strange events pass by.

A great many remedies are advertised to bring them before the public, who decides whether tae article is good or bad. The good reputation which Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup enjoys is a standing guarantee of its merits. Price only 25 cents.

Laxador is the sovereign remedy for dyspepsia and all digestive disorders. Price, 25 cents a package. For sale by all druggists.

—Woonsocket Rubber Boots and Shoes, also Duck Boots sold by Fowler & Co., same prices as New York, and your freight saved.

A Tragedy at Chapanoke.

CHAPANOKE, N, C., Nov. 13.

Editor CAROLINIAN:

A frighful tragedy occurred here this morning. Henry Lowe, a tenant of Mathew J. Wood, manifested symptoms of insanity since the election, and the latter, being a friend, induced him to come to his house the evening before, and had also got a brother of Lowe to stay over night. A little after midnight Henry, who was in a room up stairs, came down with a revolver and fired at Mr. Wood, killing him instantly, and then fired at his brother, wounding him in the arm. Lowe then fled to a neighbor's house, where he was arrested and is now in jail at Hertford.

The deceased was a brother of J Q. A. Wood esq., was a worthy man, aged about 38 years, and leaves a widow and several children.

G.

The Verdict Unanimous.

W. D. Sult, druggist, Bippus, Ind. testifies: "I can recommend Electric Bitters as the very best remedy. Every bottle sold has given relief in every case. One man took six bottles, and was cured of Rheumatism of 10 years' standing." Abraham Hare, druggist, Bellville, Ohio, says: "The best selling medicine I have ever handled in my 20 years' experience, is Electric Bitters." Thousands of others have added their testimony so that the verdict is unanimous that Electric Bitters do cure all diseases of the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. Only a half dollar a bottle at Wood, Z Wadsworth's Drug Store.

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Close connections at Norfolk with all rail and steamer lines.

At Elizabeth City—With steamboats for all points on Pasquotank, North, Alligator, Pamlico, Tar and Neuse rivers

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The Steamer Plymouth, plying between Edenton and Williamston, will go to Hamilton on Tuesday and Friday of each week, leaving that place at 2 o'clock a. m., on Wednesday and Saturday,

Norfolk Passenger and Freight Station at Norfolk and Western Railroad Depot.

Freight received daily, except Sundays.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked between the principal stations and Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York by Bay Line and Old Dominion steamers and N. Y. P. and N. R. R., from Norfolk, and between Norfolk and Washington, Plymouth, Williamston, Windsor and Jamesville.

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Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through Cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

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Norfolk, Va. Feb 14, 1888.

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The Locks will admit vessels 96 feet, and 16½ breadth of beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide; secured with binders, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

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HENRY ROBERTS, Superintendent

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SILVER DOLLARS STOLEN.

Peculations From Government Express Packages.

Theft of Treasury Funds En-route From New Orleans.

Some enterprising thief has been helping himself to bright, new silver dollars out of the coin that is being received daily at the Washington Treasury from the New Orleans Mint. The robberies were not mentioned outside of the Treasurer's office until Treasurer Hyatt called upon Assistant Secretary Thomson, who was then Acting Secretary, and told him that somebody was stealing the Government's money.

The Secret Service bureau was called into action, and since then detectives have been hard at work trying to discover the thief. Details of the robbery are hard to obtain, but it is known that the thefts were at first of very small amounts. The coin comes to the Treasury in strong canvas bags holding $1000 each. The bags are inclosed in heavy wooden boxes, which are carefully locked and sealed with a Government seal, which must be broken before the boxes can be opened. The thief began by abstracting only $4 or $5 from a bag, but he soon grew bolder, and when he took larger sums he replaced the coin with shot and lead of very nearly the same weight, so that the loss would not be quickly discovered when the bags were weighed. Investigation showed that the broken Government seals were replaced by impressions of a silver twenty-five-cent piece on the wax. As nearly as could be learned from the Treasury officers the total amount stolen is not yet known, but it is positively asserted that the sum will not exceed $5000. While the detectives have not run down the thief, it is declared in the Treasury Department that the robberies must have taken place while the coin was on the way from New Orleans to Washington, and in the care of the Adams Express Company, which is, therefore, held responsible for the loss. It is argued that if the money was stolen by any of the Government employes who handled it here or in New Orleans, the Government seal was at hand to replace the broken ones, and would have been used instead of the silver quarters. The coin boxes are supposed to be very carefully guarded from the moment they leave the mint until they reach the Treasury vaults. In this city they are carried from the cars to the Treasury Building in express wagons, which are really big steel cages, and armed representatives of the Treasury and the express company ride with the boxes in the cages. The fact that a number of boxes were tampered with and on different occasions leads to the belief that there was collusion with either express company or Government employes, and that the robberies were part of a systematic plan by which it was hoped to obtain more money by many small thefts which might escape discovery than by one big haul which would be at once found out. When one of the boxes was opened at the Department a day or two ago it was found to contain nothing but shot. A second box was opened and one of the bags in it was found to contain nothing more valuable than lead.

AN AWFUL SMASH.

Six Men Killed by a Stupid Breakman's Error.

A most disastrous wreck has occurred at Valley Falls, W. Va., on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. A heavy freight train had been sidetracked to let the lightning express from New York to Chicago pass, but by the mistake of an inexperienced brakeman the switch was left open. The Chicago express, consisting of an engine and baggage and express car, two parlor coaches, a dining car and two sleepers, going fifty-five miles an hour to make up for lost time, dashed into the open switch and collided with the standing freight train.

On the engine of the freight train were the engineer and firemen, ready to pull out when the train passed. In a minute fifteen cars and two immense engines were piled up in a confused mass.

Six men were instantly killed and their bodies horribly mangled. They were: Engineer Edward De Were, of Wheeling; Engineer William Clinton, of Wheeling; a postal clerk, two tramps, unknown, and when found unrecognizable; John Shay, a fireman, and a brakeman named Jones, was terribly cut about the head and face.

The passenger train was a full vestibuled one, but no passengers were killed, though every one of them was badly shaken up and bruised.

Twelve freight cars, both engines and a postal and baggage car were completely wrecked. Engineer Clinton had just been married. His head was cut off as though done by a knife. The loss to the company was $100,000.

COMPLICATIONS WITH PERU.

Seizure of a United States Consulate by Armed Troops.

A serious international complication has arisen between Peru and the United States. A building occupied by a resident of the United States at Mollendo, Peru, was seized by a squad of soldiers on the assumption that it belonged to the Arequipa railroad and was therefore State property. The United States consulate in the building was seized, locked and the coat of arms removed.

On instruction from his home government, the United States Minister at Lima demanded an apology, which was refused, though the building was vacated after six days' occupancy. Thereupon the Minister was instructed to send full particulars to his government before taking further steps. The recent treaty between the two governments secures all consular archives from interference.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

THE King of the Netherlands is not expected to live.

THE only railroad in China is daily crowded with passengers.

BOTH Houses of the English Parliament will discuss the Sackville case.

BROOKLYN'S population is estimated by the health department to be 805,855.

THE hide dealers of the Northwest are agitating the formation of a trust.

THE Catholics of Australia and India have presented the Pope with $1,000,000.

IT turns out after all that Father Schleyer, the inventor of Volapuk, is not dead.

THE corn crop at Campton, N. H., and vicinity is the greatest failure since 1836.

THE honey season has not been a successful one in either the United States or Canada.

IT is said that the British Government may give Lord Sackville the mission to St. Petersburg.

THE women of America expend $8,000,000 annually for paint and powder for their faces.

THIS country purchased half of the china made in Limoges last year for 4,000,000 francs.

INDIANAPOLIS claims that hers was the first Union railroad depot. It was erected in 1852.

A SEVERE drought has nearly exterminated the rabbits in some parts of New South Wales.

THE Spanish Government has been erecting fortifications along the line of the Pyrenees.

THE Fontainebleau forest was fired by incendiaries at five different points and the damage was $250,000.

RUSSIA gets nearly 360,000,000 pounds of cotton from foreign countries, especially the United States and Egypt.

ENGLAND is importing six times as much wheat from Russia and twice as much from India as at this time last year.

THE whole court at Berlin is now entirely composed of new people. The friends of the late Emperor have disappeared.

A RETIRED German officer, convicted as a spy by the French authorities at Nice, is sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

IN Washington, N. H., apples are sold on the trees for twenty-five cents a barrel, and cider apples for two cents a bushel.

TORONTO medical students hooted and threw stones at a profes or, who pulled a revolver and shot one of them in the leg.

THE suit brought by General Badeau against Mrs. Grant for work done on her distinguished husband's memoirs has been settled on the payment to the former of $10,000.

GEORGE C. HARWOOD, an incurable lunatic in Longview Asylum, Cincinnati, has just been awarded a pension of $72 a month and back pay amounting to $12,000. He has no relatives.

THE body of John Groshart, a ranchman, has been found in an isolated spot in Carlton County, Wy., with a bullet hole in his head. It is the fifth mysterious murder in that county in as many months.

THE budget for the Dutch East Indies shows a deficit of $4,200,000. The Finance Minister proposes to increase by one florin the native license tax for the cultivation of coffee and to appoint a royal commission to inquire as to means for developing the coffee industry.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

FRANK TURNER, of Westfield, Mass., who was confined in the Springfield jail awaiting trial on a charge of perjury, committed suicide in his cell by hanging.

BY the falling of a mason's scaffold in the Weed building at Stamford, Conn., five men were thrown to the ground, two being killed and three others severely injured.

FIRE in a paper house on the Five Points, New York City, destroyed property valued at $300,000, and seven men were injured while escaping from the burning structure.

THE anarchists of New York, Pittsburg and other cities observed the first anniversary of the hanging of their brethren in Chicago for causing the Haymarket riots.

FREDERICK KNORR and his wife, with their eleven-year-old daughter Anna, perished in their burning dwelling at Vernon Center, N. Y. Knorr was a laborer, thirty-five years old. The origin of the fire is unknown.

BOODLER JAEHNE, of New York, must finish his term in Sing Sing. The Supreme Court of the United States has rendered a decision on his application for a writ of habeas corpus, in which the decision of the Court for the Southern District of New York is affirmed.

AFTER traveling abroad for sixteen months Mr. Carter Harrison, ex-Mayor of Chicago, has returned to New York by the steamship Alaska.

MRS. SARAH J. ROBINSON, who was to have been hanged at Boston for the murder of her brother, has had her sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.

GEORGE COOPER, of Portland, Conn., murdered his wife as she lay asleep in her bed. The crime was committed with an axe, the woman being struck three fearful blows over the head.

HENRY BETZER, a German residing at Middletown, Conn., committed suicide by shooting. Despondency following a protracted spree caused the act.

A FIRE in Watson's marine stores, at Brooklyn, caused a loss of over a quarter of a million dollars.

South and West.

ABOUT 160 miners were at work in a mine near Pittsburg, Kansas, when an explosion occurred. All but two miners were 112 feet below the surface, and the entombed men were buried beneath many tons of debris.

THE stage near Downieville, Cal., was robbed by masked highwaymen, who secured about $25,000 in bullion and coin.

EDWARD HALL, one of the striking "Q" engineers, was shot and instantly killed at Creston, Iowa, by one of the new engineers named Charles Huston.

THE Jasper freight train crushed through a trestle at Birmingham, Ala., and three tramps, who were stealing a ride, were killed.

W. H. SCHUMAKER, Postmaster at Carbon Hill, Ala., and a very prominent citizen, was shot and killed by his wife, who is only seventeen years old. She did it in self-defense.

EIGHT buildings in the business part of Brandon, Wis., were burned causing a loss of $70,000.

A NUMBER of disasters are reported as the result of a heavy snow storm, which began in the West and continued about twenty-four hours. The storm raged furiously through Northern Kansas, Missouri and Colorado, impeding railway travel and interrupting telegraphic communication.

NEWS has been received from Tishomingo, Capital of the Chickasaw Nation, that Governor Guy has been assassinated.

PETER HOWE, senior member of the banking firm of Howe & Son, and his wife, the former aged seventy-three years and the latter sixty-nine, who lived about half a mile from the business portion of Wenona, Ill., have been barbarously murdered with an axe by a domestic in their employ.

THREE Mormon elders who were proselyting in Marion County, Ala., were seized by fifty of the best citizens of that neighborhood, and tarred and feathered. The Mormons begged for their lives and promised to leave at once, never to return.

MARIE BERTHUNE, wife of Louis Berthune, fell senseless as she recognized the mangled body of her husband as it was drawn up from the wrecked mine at Frontenac, Kan. She was taken home a raving maniac and that night set fire to her hut and perished in the flames, with four of her children.

The bodies of Eula Jones, a chambermaid, Major White of Atlanta and Thomas Moore of Bloomington, Ill., have been found in the ruins of Bryant's European Hotel at Chattanooga, Tenn., which was burned.

FIVE hundred acres of corn along the Ohio river below Evansville, Ind., are submerged and the crop destroyed, owing to the recent heavy rains.

UNKNOWN men exploded dynamite under the Court House at Henrietta, Texas, and it was destroyed.

Washington.

THE report of Adjutant General Drum shows the entire force of the army to be 27,600 men. The well equipped, organized militia of the country has increased from 85,000 to 107,000 men since 1885. He recommends the supplying of uniform arms to the militia by Congress and the reduction of the term of enlistment from five to three years.

A REQUEST has been made by this Government to Canada and Mexico to prevent Chinese from crossing their borders into the United States.

A NAVAL party under charge of Lieutenant Norris will start on a scientific trip through Mexico and Central America to determine longitude by telegraph.

IT is said that President and Mrs. Cleveland will make their future home in Washington.

THE United States Supreme Court has denied the application for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of David S. Terry of California, who was convicted of contempt of court for a violent scene in which he and his wife, Sarah Althea Hill-Sharon-Terry, both attacked the officers of the court.

THE report of Commissioner Harmony, Chief of United States Yards and Docks, shows that $121,523,550 was expended last year. The Naval Asylum at Philadelphia cost $60,000 last year, and the estimated cost next year is placed at $80,000. He recommends that all yards be lighted by electricity.

AN insufficiency in the appropriations has made necessary an order for the general suspension of work at all the United States navy yards.

THE United States Treasury Department has decided that silver powder manufactured for ornamental purposes must pay a duty of twenty-five per cent.

Foreign.

AN explosion occurred in a coal mine in Aulmania, Sicily, in which thirty men were killed.

SEVENTY THOUSAND followers of the Mahdi attacked the town of Wadai in the Soudan, west of Darfoor. The garrison repulsed the assailants and killed three thousand, but the Mahdists reattacked and captured the town. The Sultan of Wadai fled to Ghiri.

MANY children perished in a fire which destroyed a large amount of property in the vicinity of Viletta, Colombia.

COMPLAINT has been made recently concerning the condition of the St. Ambrose (Canada) city reservoir water. The authorities emptied the water to discover the cause, and found the remains of eleven infants at the bottom of the tank.

POLITICAL riots have occurred in Spain. Rioters assailed the carriage of Senor Canovas, the conservative leader, in Madrid, and injured his wife.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN, member of the British Parliament, and negotiator of the rejected fisheries treaty between England and this Government, has arrived in Washington for the purpose of marrying Miss Mary Endicott, daughter of the Secretary of War.

THE Navy Department has ordered all work on the Saratoga at the Portsmouth Navy Yard suspended, and, also, as far as possible, on the Portsmouth. The Saratoga will be given to the State of Pennsylvania as a training ship.

IN consequence of the severe criticism of the police on their inability to capture the perpetrator of the Whitechapel atrocities, Sir Charles Warren, Chief of the Metropolitan police of London, has resigned, and his resignation has been accepted.

A NIECE of the dowager Empress has been chosen as consort for the Emperor of China.

CAPTAIN T. H. LOGAN, commanding the United States troops at Fort Hancock, on the Rio Grande, some seventy miles below El Paso, Texas, has been arrested and thrown into prison by Mexican gendarmes who caught him while on a hunting expedition in Mexico.

A TERRIBLE storm played havoc with shipping on the British coast. Two fishermen were drowned off the Merecombe. The steamer Akaba was wrecked off Yarmouth and seven lives lost. Two ship's boats marked Glasgow and seven bodies came ashore off the Cornish coast.

AN attempt has been made to assassinate Prince Ferdinand, the ruler of Bulgaria.

THE heavy rains of the past few days have caused floods in many districts of England.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL has arraigned the English Government in the House of Commons for scandals connected with the judiciary.

GERMAN guards on the eastern frontier between France and Germany have shot three French sportsmen, killing one of them.

DEATH IN A SHAFT.

Fatal Firedamp Explosion in a Kansas Colliery.

Many Entombed Miners Meet a Dreadful Fate.

A terrific mine explosion, that broke windows in the little village of Pittsburg, Kan., and spread consternation among its inhabitants, occurred at dusk. For a few moments the startled people scarcely dared to stir out of their buildings, the violence of the shock having been so great as to hurl dishes from their shelves and demolish chimneys. The explosion occurred on the east side, and is attributed to the inexperience of some of the new men. Before the men outside could recover their senses, one of the miners appeared at the air shaft, nearly suffocated. He was helped out and followed by others until a large number had escaped; how many is not known. There was plenty of help at hand, and those at the top devoted their attention to rescuing their entombed companions. The fan house, only slightly damaged, was first repaired, canvas being tacked over the holes that had to be closed. About 12 o'clock the fan house was ready and fresh air was pumped into the mine, driving back the poisonous gas. The company had more orders than they could fill, and in their attempts to keep up they have been running an unusually large force of miners. On the fatal morning 164 men were lowered into the mine. At noon the shots were fired all right, and later the miners descended for afternoon duty. At 5:30 they were ready to fire their shots again. The first shot had been fired, but before a man could be hoisted a terrible rumbling noise was heard above, and a black cloud of dirt, slate and dust shot into the air from the mouth of the shaft, tearing away the tracks upon which the cages are hoisted and filling the shaft with flying debris.

Attention was then turned to repairing the cribbing so that the cages could be lowered. Men lowered into the shaft, by rope and bucket, could accomplish nothing. At 2 A. M. the cage was ready to descend, and the first rescuing party were lowered into the shaft. Owing to the bad air they could not remain long. On the first return of the cage it contained a number of uninjured but badly demoralized men. The bottom of the shaft was badly damaged and it was difficult to get at the dead. As found they were piled together at the bottom, while the living and badly wounded were hoisted to the top. At 4 A. M. five had been rescued, and at 1 P. M. four more were brought out alive. At this time they struck an entry containing twelve more dead, and at 2 P. M. twenty-five dead and nine wounded had been found, with many still missing who were supposed to be dead. A large number of the killed are French and Italian miners.

A temporary hospital was prepared in a blacksmith shop near by, where the most heartrending scenes were witnessed as the mangled and badly burned men were carried in. Late that afternoon ninety bodies had been recovered from the mines, and it was believed there were still forty-six entombed.

There is scarcely a cottage in that town or in Frontenac that is not in mourning. Nearly every family in the two mining villages has lost a relative. The stores were closed, and the blinds of the cottages are tightly drawn. The only place of business open was the little undertaker's shop, which has been cleared of its stock of coffins. Streamers of crape flutter from the doors of cottages at every step, and the village bell was tolled without intermission from sunrise.

For hours after the explosion the scene at the pit was distressing. Poorly clad women, with babies clasped to their breasts, came through the darkness in the light cast by the bonfires. One poor woman, whose husband and two sons were in the pit, laid her three youngest children beside a blazing fire and then fell in hysterics among them. She lay unnoticed in this position until next morning, when she was removed to her home.

The bodies of the victims that have been brought to the surface are all shockingly mutilated. Some are so disfigured as to be unrecognizable. There was nothing left of one man but a bleeding trunk, the head and the arms and the legs having been blown off. Many of the searchers fainted at their work.

Some of the victims were found buried beneath immense weights of slate, while others were discovered in groups and in all kinds of positions. Two men who have not yet been identified were so tightly locked in each other's arms that it was with great difficulty they were torn apart.

Only four men escaped from the mine alive and uninjured. The latest estimate of the number of miners in the pit at the time of the explosion is 163. The explosion is now said to have been caused by fire damp.

The principal difficulty in ascertaining the names of the victims of the horror lies in the fact that there was a larger number of new men who were not known to the Pittsburg people, and many may never be identified.

THE LABOR WORLD.

THE Farm and Labor party is a Minnesota institution.

DEAR bread this winter is what the laboring men must look forward to.

MRS. M. THOMAS is a practical shoemaker living in Camas, Indian Territory.

NEW BRITAIN (Conn.) Knights have debates on the tariff at their meetings.

ENGLISH co-operators now number about $50,000, representing over $4,000,000.

FIVE New York Union cigarmakers were fined $26 each for working during a strike.

THE stone-pavers of Omaha, Neb., have organized a union, with 100 charter members.

SWITCHMEN along the line of the Northern Pacific Railroad have struck for an increase in wages.

THERE are thousands of idle carpenters on the Pacific coast and no hope of immediate employment.

THE strike of house carpenters in Dundee, Scotland, for an advance of a half-penny an hour has been successful.

"THOSE who build palaces should not dwell in hovels," is the motto of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners.

THE latest statistics from London show a marked increase in the number of women employed in the different trades.

THE first shoe factory in New England to run exclusively by electricity is that of Packard & Grever, at Brockton, Mass.

A NEW labor organization has been formed and is known as the "Brotherhood of Railway Porters." It has a membership of six thousand.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company has given contracts to three different concerns for 500 cars each, and are making 500 at their own works.

THE carpenters of Fresno, Cal., have formed an alliance with the bricklayers, the plasterers, and the hod carriers to uphold their demand for a nine-hour day.

STEPS are being taken by the Carpenters and Joiners' Brotherhood in Massachusetts tending toward the calling of a convention to take concerted action in demanding eight hours in 1890.

A SORT of Knights of Labor has been started in London and called the Amalgamated Society of General Laborers. It is composed of every description of laborers in the metropolis.

THERE are now about twenty shirt manufactories in San Francisco, employing altogether about 3000 men and women, and turning out manufactures that will be worth this year $1,500,000.

NEARLY 300 delegates, representing the 25,000 employes of the Reading Railroad, met at Reading, Penn., to act upon President Corbin's scheme to create a relief association for the company's employes.

WHEN the new mills are completed Trion, Ga., will contain 23,400 spindles, 600 looms, and will consume 11,000 bales cotton per year. The number of operatives will be 800 and the pay-roll $20,000 per month.

A MEMBER of the New York Musical Mutual Protective Union denies the report that "dummies" were placed in bands supplied by leaders of the union for political parades. The Balfe Club allows members only to play in bands.

THE Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants in Great Britain and Ireland recently met at Preston. Their condition is flourishing, the membership being 11,630 and the income for 1887 having been $114,415 and the expenditures $82,025.

ACCORDING to the report of the National Bureau of Labor, there were 18,342 strikes ordered by labor societies in the six years ending with 1886, and 3362 not ordered by organizations. Of the whole number of strikes 10,375 were successful, 3064 succeeded partially and 8910 failed.

FARMERS in the sections of New South Wales that are suffering from drought find consolation in the fact that the dry spell has cut a wide swath through the rabbit army. In some localities there are scarcely any of the pests left.

THE flint-bottle manufacturers of Pittsburg and vicinity are about to form a big Trust, which will, when the deal is consummated, take in the greater portion of the flint-bottle manufacturers in this country.

EMPEROR WILLIAM tells the Berlin newspapers that they are talking too much about his private affairs, and wants them to stop it.

LATER NEWS.

A PARTIALLY completed ice house in Dedham, Mass., was blown down and thirteen men were injured, three of them fatally.

THE iron workers of Pittsburg, Penn., threaten a general strike against a re-arrangement of working hours.

A COLORED man named Showers, sixty-five years old, has been hanged at Harrisburg, Penn., for the murder of his two grandchildren.

THE house of Mrs. Frank Knecht, at Wilkesbarre, Penn., was burned while she went out to get some milk. On her return the woman saw her two children fall back in the flames and burn to death.

THE General Assembly of the Knights of Labor has begun its annual session at Indianapolis, Ind. Reports were read showing a vast decline in the membership of the Order as well as an almost empty treasury.

THE Chickasaw Indians are on the point of an inter-tribal war to determine who shall be Governor of the Nation in place of Governor Guy, who was recently assassinated.

MISS BELLE BRIDEWELL, a teacher in a school at Streator, Ill., was so badly kicked in the breast by a boy whom she attempted to punish, that she died in a few minutes.

JUDGE WOOD, in Indianapolis, Ind., drew the attention of the Federal grand jury to a reported conspiracy to influence voters on a large scale by the use of money, and recommended an investigation.

A PACKAGE containing $10,000, shipped to Tacoma, Washington Territory, by the Northern Pacific Express Company, has been stolen by one of the clerks, who has fled.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND made the following appointments: Howard Ellis, of New Jersey, to be United States Consul at Rotterdam, and Charles B. Trail, of Maryland, to be Secretary of the United States Legation at Brazil.

THE State Department at Washington has been informed of the passage of a law by Ecuador allowing foreign vessels to enter their coasting trade.

THIRTY miners were killed by an explosion of fire damp at Dour, Belgium.

THE mysterious white Pacha in the Bahr-el-Gazel district of Africa, has fought a great battle and killed many dervishes.

THE Tagus, Douro and Lizo rivers in Portugal have overflowed their banks, flooding the surrounding country and doing extensive damage.

DOUGLAS PYNE, a noted and aggressive Irish member of the British Parliament, fell overboard and drowned while sailing between Holyhead and Dublin.

IN the Vermont House of Representatives the bill granting to women the right of suffrage was defeated by a vote of 192 to 35.

ASSISTANT FACTORY INSPECTOR FRANEY, after investigating the fire in the Rochester (N. Y.) Steam Gauge Works, where forty persons lost their lives, reports that the fire escapes were not sufficient for the purpose and he hints that the company was evading the law in employing women and boys more than the ten hours specified by law.

CHARLES JOHNSON, who killed a prison keeper while attempting to escape in January, 1887, has been hanged at Waterloo, N. Y.

JOHN KEISER, a wealthy shoe merchant of Pittsburg, shot himself through the heart. The cause of his suicide is unknown.

STEPHEN ANTHONY has been murdered by his son-in-law, Solon Jenkins. Anthony refused to let Jenkins see his wife and children.

PETER SHIVELY, of Tordstown, Ohio, who is seventy-eight years old, deliberately killed his aged wife. The couple had been married for sixty years and had always lived peaceably. Mrs. Shively was eighty-three years old.

MEMBERS of the murderous gang known as Bald Knobbers have lynched five men at Ozark, Mo., who as witnesses were instrumental in having David Walker, the Bald Knobbers' chief sentenced to be hung.

OFFICIAL returns from all but fifteen counties place the Republican plurality in Kansas at 82,000, making it the banner Republican State of the Union.

A WEST VIRGINIA construction train, carrying seventy men, was wrecked by a drove of cattle rushing on the track. Nine men were seriously injured and one killed outright.

FRITZ ANSCHLAG, who was to have been executed at Los Angeles Cal., for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Hitchcock at Garden Grove in January last, and who also confessed to the killing of Julius Feugh, a neighbor in Butte county, in 1885, committed suicide two days before the execution by taking strychnine.

THE new Swiss Minister, Alfred de Claparede, has been presented to the President by Secretary Bayard.

MR. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN, member of the British Parliament, and Miss Endicott, daughter of the United States Secretary of War, have been married in St. John's Church, Washington, in the presence of a large and fashionable assembly, including the President and Mrs. Cleveland, and most of the members of the Cabinet and their families.

AN order has been issued from the War Department relieving General Schofield, at his own request, of the command of the Division of the Atlantic, and appointing thereto Major-General Howard, now in California in command of the Division of the Pacific. General Howard is the officer next in rank to General Schofield, and will assume command at Governor's Island, New York.

THE French small arms factory at Chatellerault has been destroyed by fire. This will necessitate the suspension of the manufacture of the Lebel rifle. The loss is placed at $200,000.

THE French Government has decided to send the captured ex-King of Annam to Algeria in perpetual exile.

DUKE MAXIMILIAN, of Bavaria, who was stricken with apoplexy a few days ago, is dead. He was eighty years of age.

THE twenty-fifth anniversary of King Christian's accession to the throne of Denmark, was celebrated in Copenhagen with much popular rejoicing.

FIFTEEN workmen in the Noyant quarries at Serge, France, have been buried alive by a landslip.

A FINANCIAL CRASH.

A Durham (N. C.) Bank and Six Firms Fail for $1,000,000.

The largest failure ever recorded in the State of North Carolina, has just occurred at Durham, and it threw the whole town into the wildest kind of excitement. It was the failure of the Bank of Durham, a State bank, owned by W. T. Blackwell. People were standing in groups at all parts of the town discussing the financial situation and the wildest kind of reports could be heard. Business for the day among merchants was paralyzed.

The failing bank has made an assignment to Messrs. W. S. Haliburton, cashier, and V. Ballard, business agent of W. T. Blackwell. The liabilities are estimated at about $500,000.

The banker is the founder of the famous Blackwell's Durham bull smoking tobacco, and has always been very liberal and enterprising.

On account of the Bank of Durham making an assignment six firms had to suspend, and all made assignments, excepting one. They are as follows: W. F. Ellis, drygoods; amount of liabilities estimated, $25,000; preferred, $15,000; Robbins & Stone, general merchandise; estimated liabilities, $16,000; Muse & Shaw, dry goods; estimated liabilities $25,000; James W. Blackwell and wife, real estate dealers and manufacturers, estimated liabilities, $150,000; J. Parrish, leaf tobacco dealer, estimated liabilities, $200,000; Mr. J. S. Lockhart, leaf tobacco dealer, has made a deed of trust to Mr. J. S. Carr, securing him for $75,000.

Mr. W. Buller, attorney for some of the largest failures, estimates the liabilities at from $850,000 to $1,000,000.

OUR POSTAL BUSINESS.

Annual Cost of the United States Postal Service.

Three Thousand Million Pieces Mailed Last Year.

The annual report of the Third Assistant Postmaster-General of the United States shows that the total cost of the Postal Service for the last fiscal yerr, inclusive of amount earned by the subsidized railroad companies for mail transportation was $58,126,004.

The postal and money order receipts amounted to $52,696,176, leaving a deficiency of $5,430,828.

This deficiency is owing mainly, it is said, to the great extension of the free delivery service under a modification of the old law and the increase of the railway mail transportation. The special delivery system has grown considerably since the report of the previous year. So has the registry business. The total number of pieces of registered matter transmitted during the year was 13,677,189; of special delivery matter the number of pieces transmitted was 1,424,400. The total number of articles of the various kinds of stamped paper emitted was 2,700,655,170, representing $50,636,231. Statistics are given, showing that in the cheapness of postage, the number of Post Offices, extent of mail routes, miles of service performed, postal revenue and postal expenditure, and number of letters and other pieces of mail matter transmitted in the mails the United States is now conspicuously ahead of every other nation in the world. The statistics of letters, etc., transmitted during the year, which are the first accurate statistics of the character ever published by the department, are as follows:

Letters mailed	1,769,800,000
Postal cards mailed	372,200,000
Newspapers and periodicals mailed	1,063,100,000
Pieces of third and fourth class matter	372,900,000
Total	3,578,000,000

The number of pieces mailed per capita upon the basis of population shown by the last census is seventy-one. The Third Assistant makes, among others, the following recommendations: That in some of the larger cities the pneumatic tube or some equivalent underground system of transporting the mails be adopted; that the present contract for letter-sheet envelopes be rescinded; that all postage stamps, stamped envelopes, and other stamped paper issued by the department be manufactured by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing; that, as a substitute for the franking privilege, members of Congress have an annual allowance of money for the purchase of postage stamps with which to pay postage on speeches and other official matter sent by mail, and that if the rate of postage on letters be reduced to one cent, as has already been proposed in Congress, there be only two classes of mail matter recognized, namely, letters and all other matter now comprehended in the third and fourth classes, postage on which shall be uniform at one cent for every two ounces, and newspapers and periodicals at the rate now fixed—one cent a pound.

TOTAL SOLAR ECLIPSE.

Astronomers Go to California to Make Observations.

One of the corps of astronomers attached to the Harvard College Observatory will go to California with telescopes and other apparatus to be used in observing the total solar eclipse which is due on New Year's Day. Later in the month Professor W. H. Pickering, A. Lawrence Rotch, Samuel Bailey, E. S. King and Robert Slack, the remaining members of the expedition, will join him. The party will occupy a position near the Town of Willow, in the Sacramento Valley, the observation station having an altitude of 2000 feet above the sea level and being about two hundred miles from San Francisco.

The telescopes to be taken are of thirteen inches and eight inches diameter, and they will remain for a time on Wilson's Peak, in Southern California, after which they will be taken to Peru and placed in the permanent observatory there to be established by Harvard University to co-operate in the Southern hemisphere with the observatory in Cambridge.

The work of making a complete survey of the Southern heavens upon the Cambridge plan has been for a year or more in contemplation, and is to be prosecuted with all the appliances commanded by modern science.

JUMPED TO DEATH.

Six Men Killed and Four Fatally Injured in Rochester, N. Y.

The most disastrous fire ever experienced in Rochester, N. Y., has occurred at the works of the Steam Gauge and Lantern Company. It was located in a building of seven stories, with two basements. It was situated at the Genesee Falls.

The fire broke out at thirty-five minutes past seven. The flames spread like lightning, and in fifteen minutes from the time the fire was discovered had reached the roof. About forty people were at work, mostly on the third floor. The smoke was very dense and the men could not reach the fire escapes, and they were forced to jump from the third story. Fourteen jumped on the west side of the building and were frightfully injured, six of them dying within an hour. Four others were fatally injured. The building is a total loss. It was a seven-story brick structure, owned by W. H. Gorline, and valued at $100,000. The machinery and contents were worth $175,000, all insured.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

PATTI goes to bed at 9:30 P. M. and rises at 8:30 A. M.

W. S. GILBERT, the English librettist, has dramatized George Eliot's "Romola."

"SHENANDOAH" has finally been decided upon as the title for Bronson Howard's new play.

STUART ROBSON will star alone next season in "The Henrietta" and in a new play by Steele Mackaye.

TERESINA TUA, the violin fairy, has bid farewell to Berlin, and retired into the comforts of home life.

F. F. PROCTOR has just leased the Worcester (Mass.) Theatre. He now controls sixteen places of amusement.

EMMA ABBOTT, the opera singer, is said to receive net annual profits of $75,000 from her real estate in Denver.

DUFF'S "Queen's Mate" has captured Chicagoans. The first two weeks' receipts are said to have aggregated $22,000.

THE receipts of "The Wife" at the Hollis Street Theatre, Boston, for one week are said to have reached upward of $10,000.

A NEW comic opera, to be called "Yetiva," with the scene laid in Albuquerque, N. M., is to be shortly produced in San Francisco.

MR. J. K. EMMET will produce his new play, "Fritz in a Madhouse," at the Fourteenth Street Theatre, New York, on April 23d.

MRS. LANGTRY has a fortune of $550,000; Clara Louise Kellogg has $300,000; Fanny Davenport $150,000, and Kate Claxton $125,000.

ROSE COGHLIN continues to be very successful in her new play of "Jocelyn," which she is now presenting in the West to large audiences.

FANNY DAVENPORT is having the most successful season that she has known in recent years, and is playing "La Tosca" to crowded houses everywhere.

AN inventory of the estate of William Warren, the Boston actor, has been made, and it is found that the actor left $210,699.92, all in stocks and bonds.

CARRIE BAUMAN, the youngest daughter of a poor New Orleans carpenter, is being educated by a patroness who makes the prediction that she will rival Patti.

IT is reported that Jane Hading, the French actress now in this country, devotes her spare time to the study of English with a view to a future starring tour of the United States.

WILLIAM GILETTE has secured a patent for his horse-galloping effect. This, he claims, gives him the exclusive right to use on the stage the imitation of the sound of horses' hoofs.

ETHEL SPRAGUE, the pretty daughter of Kate Chase Sprague, is studying for the stage in New York. She will not appear until next season, and then probably in a play written by her mother.

A FEATURE of the new play, "A Country Fair," which Neil Burgess will produce at Proctor's new Twenty-third Street Theatre, York, in December, will be a race course with real horses.

MISS NETTIE CARPENTER, the violinist, will close her engagement in Paris on December 22. She will begin an American tour about the middle of January, under Major Pond's direction.

A FULL cargo of iron, 124 carloads, from Birmingham, Ala., the first shipment from Savannah north, left that port for Philadelphia some days ago.

GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT.

The Yield of Cotton, Corn, Potatoes, Hay and Buckwheat.

The United States Department of Agriculture reports a good season for cotton picking during October in the Southwest and only moderately favorable weather in the Atlantic coast States. The wet weather of September proved very injurious to quality, prostrating plants and rotting bolls, causing blight and shedding, and injuring prospects of the top crop. There is much strained fibre and quality is much poorer than that of the previous year. Picking was late commencing, but there has as yet been no killing frost, rendering possible a partial compensation in the length of the season. Indications of yield per acre average the same as last year at this time, though the previous condition of the plant scarcely warrants the expectation of so much late growth and harvest outcome in November and December. The States west of the Mississippi report a slightly larger yield than last year, while Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee indicate a slight reduction. Other States indicate nearly the same expectation at this date.

The returns of the yield of corn indicate a yield per acre quite as large as that of 1885, and larger than any other crop since that of 1880. The aggregate grown on a larger area will exceed that of any previous American product, being very close to 2,000,000,000 bushels, or about thirty-two bushels per capita. The general average will fall somewhat under twenty-seven bushels per acre.

There is a good supply of maize in nearly all parts of the South, so that comparatively little will be required from the West. The yields of the Atlantic States are moderate, seriously reduced by frost on the Northern border.

Potatoes give an average of about eighty bushels per acre. The total product is about 195,000,000 bushels, or 61,000,000 more than the estimated product of 1887.

The average yield of buckwheat is approximately twelve bushels per acre, and the crop nearly 11,000,000 bushels.

Hay is slightly above an average in yield, or 1.32 tons per acre. It has been nowhere seriously injured by drought.

INDIAN ORGIES.

A Winnebago Buck Sacrifices a Maiden to the Hunting God.

Great excitement prevailed at Red Wing, Minn., over the report of a crime committed by some of the remnants of the old Winnebago Indian tribe which formerly was located on the Winnebago reservation, near Trempeleau, Wis. At the opening of the hunting season each year they indulge in certain ceremonies to procure a good season's hunting. Having secured a quantity of ammunition and fire-water, they began their orgies. During the dance and excitement a young buck, with his hunting knife in his hand, jumped into the centre of the ring of dancers, and seizing a young girl by the hair, dragged her into the centre and stabbed her several times in the breast. He then dabbled his hands in the warm blood which gushed from the wounds and smeared it over his face, which act was followed by several others.

ALASKAN STATISTICS.

Governor Swineford Reports Progress in Our Icy Possession.

Governor Swineford, of Alaska, reports to the United States Secretary of the Interior that the Territory is getting along nicely, and has 49,850 inhabitants, of whom 6500 are whites, 1000 creoles and 2950 Aleuts. He urges that Congress make it possible for present squatters to acquire title to their land, and says if this be done the Territory will develop more quickly and satisfactorily. He describes the mineral resources of the Territory, and says it has fourteen public, eight Protestant, two Catholic and seventeen Graves-Roman schools. The Alaska Commercial Company, he says, treats the people as little more than serfs where its rule is supreme.

THE colossal statue of William Penn, which is to surmount the tall tower of the new city hall at Philadelphia, will be the largest bronze figure ever cast, standing thirty-seven feet in height. The model is completed, but there is no foundry in the United States where the casting can be done.

Late at Night.

(From Daily Republican—Binghamton, N. Y.)

As one of our City reporters was coming down Chenango St., at an unusually late hour last evening, his attention was attracted to the bustle and busy appearance in the large establishment of Dr. Kilmer & Co., and being somewhat of an inquisitive turn of mind he mustered courage and rapped at the door a couple of times and succeeded in gaining admittance. Through the courtesy of one of the employes he was shown through the establishment and learned that, although they were working a night and day force, the firm was unable, at present, to supply the druggists' orders for "Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure." It is surprising to know that but a few years have now elapsed since the introduction of this wonderful remedy, from which time its growth and sale have become marvelously large, not only in this country but also in many foreign lands.

NINETY-TWO THOUSAND paupers was the London census for September.

A Family Gathering.

Have you a father? Have you a mother? Have you a son or daughter, sister or a brother who has not yet taken Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the guaranteed remedy for the cure